

## RETREAT

### Of the Boers Toward Kroonstadt Followed by the British.

### The Patriots Lose Some Men.

### Bridges Burned by Them in Their Retreat-- Roberts Reports Progress All Along the Line. Burghers Offer Stubborn Resistance.

Special by Associated Press.

London, May 7.—The war office has published the following dispatch from Lord Roberts at Little Vei river: "I marched here with Pole-Carew's division. Headquarters and Wavell's brigade of the Seventh division are two miles in the rear. Maxwell's brigade of the same division is some distance to our right. The enemy are in considerable strength on the opposite bank of the river. Our guns engaged theirs for some three hours without being able to force a passage of the river, but shortly before dusk the mounted infantry, under General Hutton, turned the enemy's right and in a very dashing manner pushed across the river under heavy shell and musketry fire. Our casualties, I hope, are not numerous."

"Hamilton was in action Saturday and succeeded in preventing a junction of two Boer forces by a well-executed movement by some of the Household Cavalry, the Twelfth Lancers and Kitchener's horse, who charged a body of the enemy and inflicted serious loss. The enemy fled, leaving their dead on the field and their wounded to be attended by our doctors. Macdonald's Highland brigade dislodged the enemy on the right bank under cover of the naval guns, in which operation the Black Watch distinguished themselves and were very skillfully led."

"Hunter reports that Burdett's brigade was heavily engaged two miles north of Ruidim. The enemy's position was quite four miles long and strongly held. He states that our men marched magnificently and carried ridge after ridge in grand style."

"Captain Miller, who was taken prisoner near Thaba N'Chu, has been sent to Ruidim's camp by the enemy with a severe wound in the abdomen. Brabant reports that one sergeant and three men were captured on May 2 while on patrol, and that one of them, who had been brutally ill-treated and left for dead by the Boers, was found the following day."

**Winburg Occupied.**  
London, May 7.—Lord Roberts is making better progress than any one had dared to hope, and is meeting with success at all points. The only news of the actual occupation of Winburg is the incidental reference to it in the dispatch from Vet river describing General Pole-Carew's operations, but as the latest news of General Hamilton's operations, dated Saturday morning, was that he was then preparing to force the difficult passage over Little Vei river, on the Bloemfontein-Winburg road, there can be no doubt that the news of the occupation is accurate."

The Boers, following their customary practice, had evacuated their positions on the Vet river during Saturday night. As Lord Roberts, advancing along the railway, and General Hamilton, 20 miles to the east, threatened the two wings of the Boer forces, it would not be surprising to hear that they had also evacuated Winburg."

General Hunter's progress, although slow, is satisfactory. The idea that the relief of Mafeking is in sight, however, appears to have been premature, as the Boers in that quarter are still stoutly resisting the British advance."

A special expedition to the westward left Kimberley a few days ago and will endeavor to relieve Mafeking, while General Hunter and Lord Methuen are operating on either side of the Vaal river in conjunction with Lord Roberts' army. From Lorenzo Marques comes various rumors that Colonel Plumer has been reinforced and is again advancing toward Mafeking. Another report says that Mafeking has been relieved and General Lomme, with 3,000 Boers, captured at Fourteen Streams."

**Hot Encounter.**  
Vet River, Sunday, May 7.—General Pole-Carew started Saturday on a 19-mile march. He first came in contact with Boers holding the river at 1 p. m. The British soon had two batteries in action, and later they added four big guns. The Boers fired with great accuracy and the duel continued until sunset, and even later there was desultory firing. It is marvellous that nobody on the British side was injured. General Hutton started early to find the Boers in the west. When this was

discovered it proved to be strongly held and protected by two guns. The British speedily engaged the Boers, who endeavored the dismounted firing line with a maxim, but General Hutton pushed forward his own pom-pom and a galloping maxim and forced the Boers to leave the river bed. The encounter was terribly hot. Later the whole British force crossed the river, threatening the Boer right. Thus night fell. In the morning it was discovered that the whole Boer force had fled. The Boers must have received news of General Hamilton's occupation of Winburg."

**Denied Bail.**  
Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—At the conclusion of the hearing of the motion of W. H. Cullen for bail, Judge Cantrell denied the application and the defendant was remanded in jail. Several witnesses testified that a number of threats were made to kill Goebel. Wharton Golden was called to the stand. He told about Yontsey getting the key to the secretary of state's office from John Powers. John Powers told him two negroes had been brought here to kill Goebel. In cross-examination Golden told that Finley said if the contest was not stopped "Goebel and his gang would be killed." Golden replied, "I am with you in that." Cullen will be tried here in September."

**Dewey at Memphis.**  
Memphis, May 7.—An admiral's salute of 17 guns proclaimed to the people of Memphis and vicinity that Admiral Dewey was here. A minute later, amid the acclamation of thousands of citizens and visitors, the distinguished couple stepped from their special train into the carriages in waiting and were taken to the Peabody hotel. Memphis is full of visitors, and nearly every downtown business house is profusely decorated in the national colors. The feature of the day was a floral parade. Admiral Dewey took occasion to deny report that he stated at St. Louis that England was America's best friend and it should be so regarded."

**Havana's Police Force.**  
Havana, May 7.—The Havana police force will soon undergo a thorough overhauling, particularly the secret service branch, which, it is generally admitted, has done virtually nothing during the last 12 months to justify its existence. Robberies take place nightly in various parts of the city, but the thieves are not arrested. Murders have been committed, yet the murderers are at large. Governor General Wood recognizes that the organization is unsatisfactory, but he is not in favor of making radical changes immediately. He prefers to wait until after the municipal election before initiating drastic reforms."

**French Elections.**  
Paris, May 7.—Although it was fully recognized that the Nationalists intended to make a determined fight in all the wards of Paris on the occasion of the municipal elections held throughout France, it was never seriously contemplated that their efforts would be crowned with such success as is shown by the results, which must be recognized as dealing a serious blow to the Republicans and Radicals. The results show 50 definite elections in Paris. The Nationalists have gained eight seats, five from the Republicans and three from the Radicals."

**Against Sunday Funerals.**  
Indianapolis, May 7.—Liverymen of this city have formed a combination, supported by undertakers, to discountenance Sunday funerals. They say the practice of holding bodies till Sunday for burial is so general that congestion results, and better paying patrons can not be accommodated. An advance of one-third in price on Sunday is made."

**Chiefs of Police.**  
Cincinnati, May 7.—The international convention of police chiefs convenes Tuesday. There are here many chiefs, commissioners, detectives and others for the occasion. Some have been engaged in committee work and conferences, but most of them in sight-seeing. There are over 300 delegates. Most of them are accompanied by their families."

## PENSION LAWS.

Important Amendment in the House. Forecast of the Senate.

Washington, May 7.—The attention of the house this week will be occupied with the consideration of conference reports on appropriation bills and miscellaneous matters. The desire for an adjournment early in June makes it absolutely necessary to expedite the supply bills. The most important piece of general legislation to be enacted upon during the week will be the amended senate bill to amend the general pension laws. The principal changes it purposes in existing laws are provisions for aggregating disabilities and equalizing ratings, and to increase the limit of income of widows pensionable under the act of 1830 to \$250. The bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the militia of the several states also may be called up under a suspension of the rules."

In the Senate.

Washington, May 7.—Routine business probably will occupy the greater part of the senate's attention during the present week. The resolution offered by Mr. Teller expressing sympathy for the Boers and a desire that the government extend to both Great Britain and the South African republics its friendly offices in bringing the present war to a close, was called up today. It was referred to the committee on foreign relations, but Mr. Teller insisted that it be reported in some form at an early date. Mr. Hale will bring forward the naval appropriation bill, and very likely the greater part of the week will be devoted to its discussion. On Thursday the Montana senate bill case will be called up, but it will not be allowed to interfere with the consideration of the appropriation bill."

A Rabbi's View.

New York, May 7.—Rev. Dr. Joseph H. Hertz, who was rabbi of the Witwatersrand Hebrew congregation of Johannesburg until last December, when he was expelled from the Transvaal by President Kruger, has arrived here. "I went to the Transvaal a strong pro-Boer, but an insight into the Transvaal methods and an acquaintance with the leading officials within the Transvaal and the Free State, as well as my personal experience while trying to remove the obstacles religious disabilities under which the Catholics and the Jews suffered, gradually compelled me to see that the Transvaal is not a republic, but rather an oligarchy, misgoverned on strictly medieval principles."

Commerce of Porto Rico.

Washington, May 7.—The division of customs and insular affairs, war department, has made public the advance sheets of its monthly bulletin on the commerce of Porto Rico for the six months ended Dec. 31, 1899. During the six months the total value of merchandise imported was \$2,354,712. The total exportation of merchandise during this period amounted to \$2,345,559, of which products of agriculture constituted 55 per cent."

Pursuing the Burghers.

Thaba N'Chu, Saturday, May 5.—General Ruddle, who has been pursuing the Boers with the Seventeenth brigade, two batteries and contingents of the yeomanry and mounted infantry, succeeded in reaching them with his artillery and forced them to leave their positions. The yeomanry are making a long detour in pursuit. The result is not yet known here."

Despondency.

Chicago, May 7.—Daniel Shaw, the originator of the toilet supply system for officers, committed suicide by shooting himself. Despondency over ill health was the cause."

ON THE DIAMOND.

Results of the Games Played in the Several Circuits.

CLUBS. W. L. P. C. CLUBS. W. L. P. C.  
Pitts. 10 4 714 St. L. 7 8 468  
Cin. 9 5 643 Pitts. 6 8 429  
Brook. 8 6 624 N. Y. 5 8 383  
Clevel. 7 8 405 Bost. 4 9 368

AT CHICAGO.—R. H. E.  
Pitts. 10 4 714 St. L. 7 8 468  
Cin. 9 5 643 Pitts. 6 8 429  
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AT KANSAS CITY.—KANSAS CITY, 3; CHICAGO, 5.  
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 8; Milwaukee, 13.

At Toledo—Toledo, 5; Dayton, 2.  
At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 8; Mansfield, 4.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 8; Columbus, 6.  
At Youngstown—Youngstown, 2; Newcastle, 6.

Games Saturday.  
At Chicago—Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 3.  
At New York—New York, 3; Brooklyn, 1.  
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 6; St. Louis, 1.  
At Boston—Boston, 13; Philadelphia, 10.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 3; Buffalo, 6.  
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 5; Milwaukee, 6.

At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Indianapolis, 13.  
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 2; Chicago, 5.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 10; Columbus, 5.  
At Youngstown—Youngstown, 4; Newcastle, 7.

At Toledo—Toledo, 5; Dayton, 2.  
At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 4; Mansfield, 7.

## RICH

### Food for Flames

### Furnished by the Mallory Steamship Piers.

### A Million Dollar Blaze.

### A Number of Buildings Scorched and Many Barges Burned.

### Only One Life Was Lost and That Was by Drowning. A Father Abandoned His Baby to Save His Wife.

Special by Associated Press.

New York, May 7.—A fire that started at the river end of the Mallory line steamship pier at the foot of Maiden Lane and the East river, completely destroyed the pier and its valuable contents. The police place the loss at \$1,000,000. Several barges which were moored near the pier were also destroyed and many rescues of their captains and of the members of the families on board were made. Only one life was lost. The 9-months-old daughter of Captain Charles Luchs of the barge Sherwood was drowned. The Mallory line pier was 300 feet long and 50 feet wide. The pier shed was filled with valuable freight of a miscellaneous character, but mostly cotton."

On the north side of the pier were moored a number of coal and cotton barges, while on the south side was the steamer San Marcos and a number of barges. No sooner had the work of fighting the flames begun than the firemen and citizens turned their attention to saving the lives of those on the barges which were lying within the line of danger. Nearest to the pier was the barge Stephen B. Elkins. Her captain, Frank Fox, and his wife, his 3-months-old daughter and a baby were on board sleeping. A skid was quickly run from the pier to the coal barge, the occupants of the boat were awakened and were hurried from their bunks to a place of safety before the flames had reached them."

On board the large Sherwood were Charles Luchs, the captain, 36 years old; his wife, Lenna, 30 years old, and their daughter, Rosie, nine months old. The father took the 9-months-old baby in his arms and with his wife jumped into the water. It soon became a question to him as to which he should save, his wife or baby. He therefore left the baby go, in the hope that she would be picked up by some one else, and went to the assistance of his wife, whom he managed to save."

A number of buildings on South street were scorched, and several were emptied of their tenants, who feared that the buildings would be burned. The origin of the fire is unknown."

**Situation Worse.**

London, May 7.—The colonial office has received the following dispatch from Sir Frederick Mitchell Hodgson, governor and commander in chief of the Gold Coast colony, dated Kumasi, April 27: "The situation, I regret to inform you, has changed for the worse. On April 23 a force was sent to clear the rebel forces to the eastward. Four members of the constabulary were killed and a large number of the rebels were killed or wounded. On April 25 the Ashantis surrounded the town in great force, probably 10,000, and made a determined attack. The engagement lasted four hours. Twenty of our native allies and two Hausas were killed. The present occupants of the fort number 33, inclusive of 18 Europeans, six of whom are missionaries. It is necessary that further reinforcements be sent to the Gold Coast."

**A Stiff Fight.**

Warrenton, May 7.—General Barton drove from 2,000 to 3,000 from hilly positions at Rooidan, where he outwitted them. They retreated after stiff fighting, leaving a number of dead on the field. The British casualties were slight. General Barton is still pursuing. Windsorton and Klipdam have been evacuated. General Paget's brigade is attacking the Boer position at Warrenton. The British losses at Rooidan were five killed and 25 wounded, mostly Welsh fusiliers. The British took a batch of prisoners, including the Swedish ambulance, which they allowed to return. The Boers, in their hurried retreat, left 13 dead."

**Mrs. Wilson's Remains.**

New York, May 7.—The United States army transport Buford arrived in quarantine from Havana having on board the body of Mrs. General J. H. Wilson. General Wilson, the Misses Wilson and Lieutenant James H. Reeves and G. S. Turner. Mrs. Wilson's body will be shipped to Wilmington, Del., for burial."

## HE IS DEAD.

Former Secretary Endicott a Victim of Pneumonia.

Boston, May 7.—William Endicott, 73, secretary of war under President Cleveland's first administration, died at his residence in this city, of pneumonia. Although Mr. Endicott's system had been somewhat enfeebled by an attack of the grip from which he suffered last winter, he had been in apparently good bodily health up to last Wednesday. The funeral will be private and burial will be in Salem. Mr. Endicott's daughter, the wife of Joseph Chamberlain, the English secretary of state for the colonies, was notified by cable. Mrs. Endicott was Ellen Peabody, daughter of George Peabody, the philanthropist."

Rev. Easton Explains.

Washington, May 7.—The Rev. Dr. Chalmers Easton, pastor of the Eastern Presbyterian church, made a statement to his congregation at the close of his sermon with reference to the suit for slander instituted against him a few days ago by Miss Olga Netherlands, the actress. He said in part: "When I quoted the words 'Jew actress' in speaking of Miss Olga Netherlands in the role of Sappho, I had reference not to her personal character, of which I have no knowledge, but to the character of the role she is playing. I had not the slightest intention of denouncing Miss Netherlands's personal character."

SNAP SHOTS.

Current News Nuggets Gathered From Far and Near.

Depot hotel at Crestline, O., burned. Frost has damaged fruit trees and plants in northern Ohio.

Ninth Missouri Democrats renominated Champ Clark for congress.

Fire at Petersburg, Ind., destroyed property to the amount of \$30,000.

Hawaiian Republicans will meet at Honolulu May 15 to organize the party.

Norton fertilizing plant at Washington city is in ruins, fire causing \$50,000 loss.

Burglars looted the First National bank safe at Brady, Pa., securing from \$8,000 to \$10,000.

Town of Glasgow, Ky., was swept by flames, a dozen structures being reduced. Total loss, \$150,000.

General Otis relinquished his command to General MacArthur and sailed Saturday for the United States.

Flames wiped out the mining town of Sandon, B. C. Over a million was lost and 1,200 people are homeless.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For May 5.

Chicago.  
Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$1 75@1 75; poor to medium, \$1 10@1 45; selected feeders, \$1 25@1 50; mixed, \$1 00@1 25; 4 to 6 year, \$1 00@1 25; 6 to 8 year, \$1 00@1 25; 8 to 10 year, \$1 00@1 25; calves, \$1 25@1 50; bulls, \$1 25@1 50; Texas fed steers, \$1 00@1 25; Texas bulls, \$1 25@1 50; calves, \$1 25@1 50; mixed, \$1 00@1 25; 4 to 6 year, \$1 00@1 25; 6 to 8 year, \$1 00@1 25; 8 to 10 year, \$1 00@1 25; sheep, \$1 25@1 50; goats, \$1 25@1 50; hogs, \$1 25@1 50; pigs, \$1 25@1 50; chickens, \$1 25@1 50; turkeys, \$1 25@1 50; ducks, \$1 25@1 50; geese, \$1 25@1 50; rabbits, \$1 25@1 50; bees, \$1 25@1 50; cats, \$1 25@1 50; dogs, \$1 25@1 50; fish, \$1 25@1 50; fruit, \$1 25@1 50; vegetables, \$1 25@1 50; flowers, \$1 25@1 50; minerals, \$1 25@1 50; metals, \$1 25@1 50; textiles, \$1 25@1 50; leather, \$1 25@1 50; paper, \$1 25@1 50; glass, \$1 25@1 50; stone, \$1 25@1 50; brick, \$1 25@1 50; cement, \$1 25@1 50; lime, \$1 25@1 50; fuel, \$1 25@1 50; coal, \$1 25@1 50; oil, \$1 25@1 50; gas, \$1 25@1 50; electricity, \$1 25@1 50; water, \$1 25@1 50; steam, \$1 25@1 50; power, \$1 25@1 50; machinery, \$1 25@1 50; tools, \$1 25@1 50; hardware, \$1 25@1 50; paint, \$1 25@1 50; varnish, \$1 25@1 50; glue, \$1 25@1 50; cement, \$1 25@1 50; lime, \$1 25@1 50; fuel, \$1 25@1 50; coal, \$1 25@1 50; oil, \$1 25@1 50; gas, \$1 25@1 50; electricity, \$1 25@1 50; water, \$1 25@1 50; steam, \$1 25@1 50; power, \$1 25@1 50; machinery, \$1 25@1 50; tools, \$1 25@1 50; hardware, \$1 25@1 50; paint, \$1 25@1 50; varnish, \$1 25@1 50; glue, \$1 25@1 50; cement, \$1 25@1 50; lime, \$1 25@1 50; fuel, \$1 25@1 50; coal, \$1 25@1 50; oil, \$1 25@1 50; gas, \$1 25@1 50; electricity, \$1 25@1 50; water, \$1 25@1 50; steam, \$1 25@1 50; power, \$1 25@1 50; machinery, \$1 25@1 50; tools, \$1 25@1 50; hardware, \$1 25@1 50; paint, \$1 25@1 50; varnish, \$1 25@1 50; glue, \$1 25@1 50; cement, \$1 25@1 50; lime, \$1 25@1 50; fuel, \$1 25@1 50; coal, \$1 25@1 50; oil, \$1 25@1 50; gas, \$1 25@1 50; 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## BIRDS HOMEWARD BOUND.

Being Migration of a Winged Army  
Hundreds of Miles in Length.

The spring migration of birds is the subject of a page in the May St. Nicholas. A wonderful thing is happening now, the writer declares. A winged army hundreds of miles long is moving north right over our heads. It travels under cover of the night, so that, unless we listen for the calls of the regiments or turn our telescopes to the moon and see them, as black specks, crossing its bright face or else go to a lighthouse tower and watch for them to come to the light, we will know nothing about the advances of the main army.

But when we go early to the fields and woods we get exciting hints of what is happening in the dark. Squads of feathered soldiers, not there the evening before, surprise us at every turn. Some of them are stopping only for the day to get food and rest to enable them to go on their journey again at night, but some of them have come to stay, for they have got back to their old homes where they built their nests last year.

It is so exciting to feel the country all filling up again with life and song, so good to see our old friends back and to discover new ones with them that we want to ask each bird a hundred questions. Where did this army start from? How did the leaders know the way home? How did they travel the thousands of miles they had to? It makes us want to know everything there is to know about this wonderful movement of the birds called migration.

A great many of the birds are coming back from Central America, some as far as from southern Brazil in South America. The question is, how do they travel so far without getting lost? There are no railroads or steamship lines for them, but they have roads that serve them just as well. Some of them follow the coast lines north, others keep near to the great ranges of mountains and river valleys that run generally northward and southward.

They fly so high—from one to three miles above the earth—that they can see as well as we could from a balloon or a mountain top; better than we could, for their eyes are sharper than ours. They can see probably a hundred miles all about. Then the old birds lead the way for the young to follow, and as the army probably straggles along for hundreds of miles the birds are always within hearing of each other, so they are not very likely to get lost.

From the 1st to the 20th of May most of the birds come back to the middle western states, and you will need to go out every day and keep a sharp lookout not to miss any of them.

## VERMONT'S LAST VOTE.

Circumstances of Its Mysterious Disappearance Revealed by D. S. Barry.

In The Pathfinder of April 28 David S. Barry, the Washington correspondent of the New York Sun, reveals now, after a lapse of 23 years, the circumstances connected with the mysterious disappearance of Vermont's electoral vote in the contest following the close presidential election of 1876, which was settled in favor of Hayes by the electoral commission. Mr. Barry writes from personal knowledge, as he was one of the senate pages in that eventful period. He knew intimately the senate page, McNeil, who carried the missing electoral package from a senate official's desk to Abraham S. Hewitt, the distinguished New York member of the house.

Mr. Barry describes the strange situation caused by the tardy arrival of one of the packets containing Vermont's vote, the refusal of the president of the senate to receive it and how the messenger got it into Hewitt's hands, thus causing an all night powwow of congress. All this time McNeil, the page, was held in the lobby as a prisoner of state. Finally after the reception of the vote was refused by congress it appears the imprisoned McNeil, on being released, still held possession of Vermont's vote, since no one would receive it. He took it home with him and keeps it to this day in his home at New York, where he is a prosperous lawyer. Thus an incomplete chapter of American political history is closed in The Pathfinder article.

Walker's Tonic is the link that picks up the vitality of man in his run down state and binds him to health and strength by recuperating the brain, regulating the action of the heart and nourishing the nervous system.

T. N. Cunningham, 136 N. Main St.

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Science has found that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. This poison should be excreted by the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure makes them well.

H. F. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

## Specifics.

"I wonder how he was cured of the political fever?"  
"By the mud-bath treatment, I believe!"—Detroit Journal.

## A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your stomach and liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sts.

## "The Laborer is

Worthy of His Hire."

But a wage-earner can get more for his personal services if in strong and vigorous health. The blood is the life-giving and strength-making part of the system. If it is pure, all is well; if not, it should be purified with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes the weak strong.

Can Eat—"Was tired out, had no appetite until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. It built me right up and I can eat heartily."—Ella M. Hager, Athol, Mass.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
NEVER DISAPPOINTS

Hood's Pills cure liver bile, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## THE MAINE'S GOOD WORK.

Major Cabell's Tribute to Efficiency of American Hospital Ship.

Major Julian M. Cabell, former chief surgeon of the American women's hospital ship Maine, is in London on his way back to Columbia hospital, Washington, his leave of absence having expired. In an interview the other day he said:

"Nothing could have exceeded the hospitality and warmth with which the American doctors, nurses and attendants were received in South Africa. The stories of internal dissensions on the Maine are without any basis. Lady Randolph Churchill antagonized no one. On the contrary, it was owing to her tact that several little threatened annoyances were avoided.

"She wished the Maine to stay at the seat of warfare, and I agreed with her, but it had been arranged by the British army authorities that she was to leave after the relief of Ladysmith, and, though Lady Churchill believed this action would diminish the ship's sphere of usefulness, she was too good a disciplinarian and diplomat to question the decision of the commander in chief.

"We were very fortunate on the Maine with cases. Only one man died before I left, and I believe this number has not been increased since. Perhaps our most remarkable case was that of an officer of the Gordon Highlanders, who was shot clean through the brain, but completely recovered on board the hospital ship.

"I saw no traces of explosive bullets, and I believe that the reports that the Boers are using such bullets are greatly exaggerated. From my experience in Manila and South Africa I believe it is almost impossible to distinguish between the explosive bullet and that of the ordinary Mauser when the latter is fired at point blank range.

"Perhaps I should not say it, but the Maine was undoubtedly the best fitted hospital ship down there. Everything that it was possible to provide to make the wounded comfortable had been provided. The British army and navy men were loud in their praises of the ship, and Lord Roberts spoke most highly of her. But perhaps bluff Captain Chichester, formerly of the British cruiser Immortalite, which was at Maulla during the troublesome times there, in good humorously addressing the nurses and saying he found out a few things about Americans in the Philippines, impressed us the most.

"I much regretted leaving the ship, but my leave is up, and I had to come home."

The Maine will return to South Africa immediately after landing her wounded in London.

## Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich, soft brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. At the price of coffee, 10c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

After eating onions munch a sprig of parsley dipped in vinegar.

Never go away from home without a bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Change of climate, change of apartments, or exposure may bring on a cold which nothing but this famous remedy will cure.

T. N. Cunningham, 136 N. Main St.

## Substitute for Honey.

A substitute for honey has been introduced in Germany under the name of sugar honey, and consists of sugar, water, minute amounts of mineral substances and free acid.

## It's dangerous

to trifle with a cold, Use

**DR. JAMES' CHERRY TAR SYRUP.**

Pleasant to take—never fails to cure.

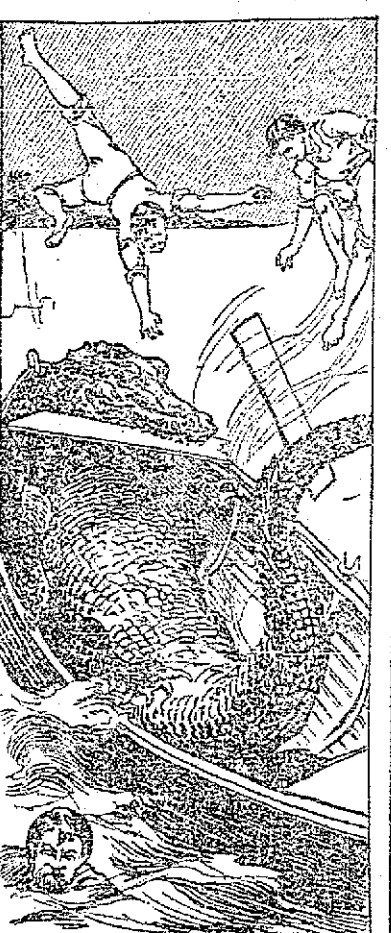
At drug stores, 25 cents a bottle.

# FIGHTING A CROCODILE.

Thrilling Adventure of Pleasure Seekers In the Waters of Florida.

"It is not generally known that we have in this country a crocodile," said a canoeist plunger of the Esplanade country. "One day I took a party out on the river a mile from shore to spear turtle or any game that might come along, and the main object of our conversation was our poor luck with crocodiles. While we were talking my men suddenly stopped rowing and pointed to the reef. As I turned in that direction a long tail was lifted out of the water, coming down with a powerful splash, and then a long alligator-like body became visible and immediately disappeared, causing a small wake to follow as it moved away.

"The boat was turned in the direction of the animal, the man in the bow taking out the harpoon—a three-pronged affair—and examining it to see if the rope was attached. The boat was rowed slowly.



THE CROCODILE ROSE INTO THE AIR.

The men making as little noise as possible, the location of the animal now being indicated by a swirl of water not 70 feet away. Whatever it was, it was evidently feeding in the shallow water," said the narrator to a correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. "Not a word was said as the boat slowly drifted up, the harpoon stood erect and ready, when suddenly, 15 feet from the boat, up came the broad, corrugated back of a huge crocodile, and the next moment a sharp pointed muzzle protruded from the water, having in its jaws a ray, which it tossed from side to side, endeavoring to tear the wide body asunder.

"It was a crocodile, there was no doubt in our minds, and so busily engaged was it that it did not see the boat until it had covered five or six feet more. Then the harpoon leaped back, and as the big head turned he threw the iron.

"Well struck!" cried some one as the iron hit the animal, trembling as it kept its place. Then the great tail came hissing out of the water, struck the slender mast, the men dropping into the bottom of the boat, and broke it off as cleverly as though it had been done with a knife.

"Look out for the line! Jump to windward! Stern all hands!" were the orders that followed as in those few seconds the crocodile had made a desperate rush, jerked the boat so rapidly to one side that she almost tipped over and was now away like a race horse, headed for the mainland, with an ominous wave in front that threatened now and then to come aboard and swamp the light craft. We all lay now as far in the stern as we could get to keep the bow out of the water while the steed reared on.

"I knew we would have to stop this before we reached shallow water, as the animal would make a rush over some shallow and break the rope, so when we had gone perhaps half a mile I took the line, passed it aft, and we all began to haul in. This only excited our racer to more ferocious efforts, and he rumbled suddenly, again almost tipping over the boat. We gradually gained on him until finally the boat's bow was just over his slashing tail that was beating the surface with powerful lateral blows and forcing him along. We had a ride in the boat, and my man now took it, and, aiming at the neck, fired. There was little doubt as to its effect, as the crocodile stopped, plunged head down, striking the bottom in the shallow water and, seemingly standing on its head, swept the surface with its tail like a whip. We had the oars ready and beaked, but not before one had been struck and broken and the boat nearly filled.

"All at once," continued the plunger, after a short pause, "our game righted and plunged ahead savagely, then swam in a circle and finally keeled over, whereupon we raised a shout of triumph and hauled alongside. He was a beauty—not 20 feet long, by any means, but at least 15, a splendid specimen of a sea-going crocodile. As he was too large to tow in, it was decided to haul him aboard. To accomplish this the seats were lifted out and a rope made fast to his tail, and he was then slowly and carefully hauled in. Finally, when the body was balanced across the boat, he was swung around and dropped in lengthwise. The seats were then put on top of the body, and, flushed with victory, we started for camp, now in sight.

"It was rather difficult to use the oars, as the animal was higher than the gunwale, but we made fairly satisfactory

progress and were close enough to camp to shoot the news when the unexpected happened. An earthquake would not have created greater commotion. The dead crocodile rose into the air as if impelled from below, forming a great hoop and lifting signs and oarsmen several feet, then dropped back and began a series of struggles that turned the tables completely. Seizing the forward seat in its jaws, it groined and twisted the soft pine while the powerful tail carried devastation wherever it struck, and presently the water poured in, sending us all overboard. I jumped just ahead of the flying tail that sounded like a whiplash when it struck, the other men either falling or rolling overboard.

"Fortunately the water was not over

three feet in depth, so we waded to a safe distance and, powerless to do anything, awaited the end. It soon came. The crocodile cleared the decks literally, regained its upright position and crawled over, sinking the boat, which rolled and dumped him into his natural element, when with a rush he was off. As the boat moved away we flung ourselves after him, clinging to the rail, and for a short distance the sailors towed us all. But the boat, full of water, was too much for a long tow, and he soon quieted down and began to swim in a circle while we towed the boat ashore. We finally reached near enough to get a rope, which we fastened to the boat and to a tree.

"The crocodile was at the bottom in a little pool about four feet deep, still lashing his tail and rising at any attempt to drag him up, but the rope was still about his tail and after much difficulty was secured and made fast to another rope, then at the word the entire party walked away, dragging the fighting, thoroughly exhausted animal up the beach, where a rifle bullet really gave him his quietus."

## SUPERSTITIOUS SLEUTHS.

Detectives Who Seek Clues From Fortune Tellers.

About the proposed police crusade against fortune tellers and others who live by their wits it may be interesting to know that the people who look far into the future while their eyes are shut are an important adjunct to the detective force. So says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Clairvoyants are amenable to the law, a provision of which is the necessity of a license to operate, but it appears that this little matter, which if carried into execution would mean the acquisition of many hundreds of dollars to the city treasury, has been overlooked.

Prosecutor Lauder and Officer Stubbs of the city auditor's office have been making a tour of these places and on their rounds have discovered many peculiar things which will justify them in swearing out warrants for the arrest of many clairvoyants. The raid is expected to be pulled off soon, and there will be some interesting developments. They learned from one large fat lady who has open sesame to the mysteries of the future that she had at various times been consulted by detectives, who implored her to use her power in apprehending for them some criminal that they were chasing from pillar to post.

Despite their stern duty in protecting society from the depredations of pirates, despite the fact that they rub elbows with the exponents of crime, despite they are men of the world and are graduates from the school of experience, they are not above superstition, which is evidenced by their visits to fortune tellers.

## Riding a Cyclone.

W. P. Crane of Shelbygan, Wis., is probably the only man alive to ride three-quarters of a mile on the wings of a cyclone and escape the experience absolutely unharmed. How he managed to escape he will never know, for he was taken up by the storm and hurled through



CRANE'S TRIP THROUGH THE AIR.

the air at a terrific speed. With him flew hundreds of enormous rafters, trees and other debris of the destructive agency, but through them all he passed without a scratch. He was finally dropped by the wind, which swept on its relentless way. He tumbled in the middle of a swamp and was half buried in the mire by the force of his descent. To the big he undoubtedly owes his life.

**Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP**  
makes children get well and happy quickly. It is the reliance of the ever-watchful, thoughtful mother. It stops any sort of a cough, soothes and heals the inflamed parts and cures.

Mrs. Julia Bartle, of Concord, Pa., writes: "One night after I had been awake with my eight-year-old boy, with the cough, I gave him a dose of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Shortly afterward I gave him a second dose. The cough was cured almost instantly. I always keep a bottle within reach at night for my children."

Refuse Substitutes.  
A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md.  
Dr. Bull's Pills for Liver and Bowels.  
Sold by Dr. R. C. Atwater & Co. N. Y.

## FIGHT WITH ROBBERS.

American Captain Writes of an Attack by Filipino Insurgents.

## RUMBOLO'S MEN IN A HOT BATTLE.

Though Greatly Outnumbered, He Says His Little Band Fought Bravely When His Provision Train Was Assailed—Corporal and Five Privates Fell—Gunner's Terrifying Escape.

Captain Frank M. Rumbold, former commander of Battery A, but now in charge of a company in the Thirty-second United States Infantry in the Philippines, has sent to his father, Dr. Thomas F. Rumbold of St. Louis, a copy of the report made by him of an engagement with the insurgents, in which his company lost six men, says the St. Louis Republic. The fight occurred on Feb. 5, when Captain Rumbold was stationed at Orani, province of Luzon. His report says: "My provision train, under escort of Sergeant Wallace and ten men, was attacked about 2 1/2 miles south of this place, near Barrio Celis, by about 50 insurgents.

"A bridge located at the point of attack had been evidently purposely damaged so that the first cart broke through. Privates Umberger and Lane were at the time about 100 yards in advance of the leading cart. They had been called to a halt. Corporal Murphy and about four men dismounted and started to raise the cart, when about 50 insurgents arose from behind a hedge on a high rice dike and poured a volley into them. Several of the men who had not dismounted were shot off their horses. The remaining men, who were considerably scattered, returned the volleys. Private Lane was shot through the side after the third or fourth shot, but kept on firing. Private Umberger, who was with him, stood until he could see no one alive and until more than 15 insurgents had advanced to within 20 feet of him. He then ran east, pursued, and finally hid, reporting to his company as we were returning from this point after securing the provisions.

"Privates Moore and Klasian, who were rear guard, were about 100 yards in the rear. When the sudden volley came and they saw the men fall, they fired. After the second shot Private Klasian's extractor failed to work in spite of his efforts. Looking up, he could see but one man alive, and he started for Orani. Private Moore, after he had fired several times, could see no one alive in front, and, being fired upon from the left and the rear, he also started for Orani, leading his horse. Private Rosenberg fired four or five times and then retreated, leading his horse, when he could no longer see any one alive in front of him. He led his horse until he had passed the hill, still under fire, and later overtook Klasian, taking the latter up behind him on his horse. Sergeant Wallace at the time the firing commenced was between the advance guard and the foremost cart. He turned my horse, which he was riding, and started toward the train, firing as he rode, when the horse sank dead under him. He then looked around, and, seeing no one alive (Private Umberger had got into a ditch from which he was firing), he started in a circle east of the road for Orani. Seeing a riderless horse, he called it and mounted. He soon after overtook the other three men."

The report goes on to tell of the steps taken to rescue the bodies of the men who had fallen. The train had been plundered and the bodies of the fallen men robbed and maltreated. Nearly all the bodies showed bullet or bayonet wounds which had been inflicted after death had come. The victims were Corporal Murphy and Privates Braun, Lane, Welsh, Martin and Tressley.

Private Umberger had a most thrilling escape from the insurgents. He ran across the fields, pursued by the Filipinos, who fired more than 100 shots at him without effect. He finally secreted himself in a thicket close to the river bank, where the natives brought boats to carry their plunder away. He heard them several times mention the name of Captain Rumbold's private servant, Baselloro, who had suddenly disappeared several days earlier. An examination of the scene of the attack disclosed the fact that the insurgents had waited several days at least for the opportunity to shoot at the Americans.

## MUSIC FROM BRASS TUBES.

An Invention Credited to Edison by a Philadelphia Paper.

Thomas A. Edison and his collaborators at Llewellyn Park, Orange, have been engaged for some time on experiments looking to the production of a flexible tubing which shall render possible the use of reheated compressed air. Such a tubing must be able to resist a high pressure. Recently such a tube has been produced in England by the use of special machinery. Germany has also found a way to make a similar article. Mr. Edison, who has been at work on the problem at the instance of capitalists interested in compressed air, expects to have a way of his own soon.

The Philadelphia Press says: "Just as Edison's attention was called to this apparatus a man walked in upon him one day, perhaps a month ago, and laid before him what seemed to be a rod, perhaps two feet in length, whose circumference was in spiral convolutions suggesting an elongated screw. It was constructed out of an ordinary brass tube which, by the employment of machinery invented in Germany, was converted into this screwlike or fluted tube. This fluting of the tube gave to it almost the flexibility of rubber without impairing its strength.

"Edison discovered another quality in this spiral tube which not even the inventors of it had known it contained. He put the tube to his lips and blew through it. It gave out a sound as clear and pure as that which comes from a flute, and as Edison continued to blow that sound was followed by another an octave higher. Edison discovered that by increasing the pressure of the breath this tube gave four distinct musical tones.

"It did not require the skillful contraction of the lips or employment of the tongue. It may lead to the manufacture of a new musical instrument." Mr. Edison was not at his home or his laboratory the other day. He told some of his assistants, it was learned, of the rubbing his earlier submitted to him, and he ordered several feet of it, which he has not yet received. He did not remark to them that he had discovered any musical properties in it.

## WEALTH IN FOXES' SKINS.

Breeding of Fur Bearing Animals Is a New Alaskan Industry.

Andrew Phelps will soon start for Alaska to embark in a novel scheme. He does not go to dig for gold, but will brave the rigors of the frigid climate as a breeder of fur bearing animals. Several persons are now engaged in the industry in the arctic islands and are said to be prospering.

"The men now engaged in the scheme," said Mr. Phelps the other day to a Chicago later Ocean correspondent, "squat on one of the numerous islands, generally in Prince William sound, or lease it direct from the government and turn loose all the foxes they can purchase. As the islands are quite bare and small and uninhabited by other animals on which foxes can prey for food, the owners must supply them with food all the year round. Unmarketable fish, blubber and offal, cornmeal and grain are mixed and used for feeding. The animals multiply rapidly under favorable conditions, and in a few years the farmer ought to be independent."

Attempts have been made to propagate the silver gray foxes, whose pelts are worth \$100 and upward. Black foxes will bring upward of \$400. In some places the attempts have been successful. The blue fox is the favorite, as it is the easiest handled. The skins bring from \$20 at Prince William sound to \$40 in Liverpool, where the market is controlled.

In competition with seals Mr. Phelps believes the foxes will easily be able to hold their own. Seals, he says, take about seven years to mature and are even then worth less in the market than the blue fox, which is ready to give up its pelt in ten months. Moreover, the seals are being exterminated, while foxes are increasing. Mr. Phelps computes that his company, which he will start with a small capital, will be able to make upward of \$1,000,000 in ten years.

## The Outlook For Peaches.

J. H. Hale, president of the Hale Orchard company, is enthusiastic over the peach prospects. He says the crop is a sure one now and that Georgia will ship at least 3,000 cars of peaches and 200 or 300 cars of plums during June and July. While this year's peach crop will be fully one-third more than the great crop of 1903, the rush day shipments will not be any heavier, for the reason that most of the new trees coming into fruiting this year are early ripening varieties and will help to make a longer season of big shipments. Then again most of the trees killed by the big freeze of a year ago were of the Elberta variety, and their taking off will prevent any oversupply of that variety. Georgia will have more late peaches than ever before. Mr. Hale says there is promise of a great peach crop all up the Atlantic coast as far as peaches can be grown.—Atlanta Constitution.

## Letters by Phonograph.

Sick and wounded soldiers in the war hospitals of the Transvaal soon will be allowed to send letters by means of the phonograph. With the approval of the authorities, says the Indianapolis Press, phonographs with a musical record are now being placed in the hospitals at Winberg, Woodstock, Rondebosch, Naunpoort and Bloemfontein.

A National Anniversary.  
On June 15 the seat of the national government in Washington will have been occupied 100 years, and a grand celebration is being planned to commemorate the event.

## DOUBT CANNOT EXIST

Investigation Will Only Strengthen the Proof We Give in Lima

There must be something stronger than imagination behind expressions of such representative citizens of Lima as Mr. L. Van Pelt, shoemaker of No. 121 south Union street who called upon me early in the summer of 1896, that I had procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Wm. Melville's drug store and that their use had radically disposed of pain across the back and the muscles toward the shoulder blades a constant aching of the loins was very depressing and when freed of the annoyance I was only too pleased to make known the means employed. It is now more than two years since I first publicly expressed my opinions of Doan's Kidney Pills, and I emphatically declare that the said opinion is stronger today, touching their merits than it was when I first gave it for publication.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

## AN OUTING AT THE OCEAN.

Seashore Excursion by Pennsylvania Lines Will Be Run August 9th.

The annual low rate excursion to the seashore will be run by Pennsylvania Lines Thursday, August 9th. On that date reduced fare tickets will be sold to Atlantic City, Cape May, Annapolis, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

The round trip from Lima, Ohio will be \$14.00 to either of the sea resorts mentioned, which constitute the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast. No more enjoyable vacation outing can be planned than a visit to the seashore in mid summer. Arrangements may be made for participating in the pleasures offered by this excursion by communicating with ticket agent, Lima, Ohio. 4-27d&wlm

## Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. March, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw;" then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough and not only prevents but absolutely cures Consumption. Price 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store, corner Main and North streets.

## ATTRACTIVE SUMMER RESORT.

Winona Lake on the Pennsylvania Lines.

Rest, recreation, entertainment and instruction, amid delightful surroundings and convenient company, are the attractions offered by Winona Lake, the pretty resort on the Pennsylvania Lines in Northern Indiana.

This resort is the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons who are strengthened in mind by the excellent facilities for educational work and invigorated in body by the healthful influences for which Winona Lake is famous.

My 15th marks the opening of the season. From 1890 and commencing that date excursion tickets to Winona Lake will be on sale by Pennsylvania Lines. For particular information on the subject of rates and time tables apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa. Information about attractions at Winona Lake, entertainment, the Summer School sessions, etc., will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Mr. S. C. Dicker, Secretary, Winona Lake, Ind. 4-27d&wlm

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

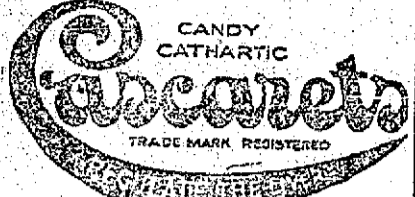
## Let There Be Light.

Light and sunshine are good medicines. They not only help to cure, but they assist in preventing. It is strange, therefore, that so many in the world should be content to do without either. We have windows and doors in our houses, but there are many of us who keep both closed as much as possible. The sunshine fades the carpets and the open windows let in dust which spoils the furniture. That is what some careful housewives say. There may be something in this, but not much. A faded carpet is much more desirable than a faded cheek, and dust is not the worst thing that comes to us. Why, the preachers tell us we are made of dust, and to that condition we are sure to return. So why be afraid of it? It can be swept out and brushed out. But there is only one way to get air into the house and that is by not being afraid of the dust or of the sun. We pity with all our hearts, the tenement house dwelling whose rooms open into sunless shafts. And yet there are many of us who make our homes as nearly like those ill-ventilated tenements as possible. We have open spaces on each side. The sun can touch our windows in the morning and in the evening, but we shut it out so as to look fresh and keep clean. No greater mistake in domestic economy was ever made.

## Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASTORIA, I felt better than I have in a long time. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, after taking Castoria, I feel fine. My wife has also used it with beneficial results for her stomach."

—J. H. Ketchum, 121 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.



**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
**Castoria**  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Pleasant, Palatable, Painless, Tastes Good, No Gripe, No Laxative, No Weakness, No Pain, No Suffering.

**CURE CONSTIPATION.**  
Selling Everywhere, Wholesale and Retail.

**HO-TG-BAO** Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to cure Stomach Habit.

### WHAT THE BOERS MISSED.

**Opportunities Lost by Cronje and His Men in Cape Colony.**

If, four months ago, Cronje had marched straight forward with his Boers into the western and northern province of this colony, there would have been a rising which had strained British resources to suppress, says the Cape Town correspondent of the London Telegraph, writing under the date of March 14. The march to Cape Town might not have been an idle boast. It is desirable that a people at home should realize what a peril we have escaped. The Boer krygsraad, or council of war, decided to capture all Natal, mount their heavy guns on the bluff at Durban, eat fish dinners at the Royal and Marine hotels and celebrate their victories by dances at Maritzburg. One can't blame them for that pretty programme, for Natal is dreadfully British; fish dinners are tempting to a Transvaal, and tripping it on the light fantastic toe is the one worldly enjoyment the Boer allows himself. Pretoria and Johannesburg burghers and their wives brought their ball dresses and dancing suits for the happy occasions.

But, alas, "the best concerted schemes of men and mice gang at naught." Sir George White and the Indian reinforcements spoiled that dream, but only just; also the krygsraad determined to capture Mafeking and Kimberley, the first because it was associated with Jameson, the second because Rhodes was there. And, besides, how nice to hang round the bulky vanguard and the flamboyant diamond galleys, doubly precious because blithely from Rhodes and De Beers! Fifteen thousand men, I compute, and more than that number of horses they tied up for four weary months on these stupid attempts—stupid because they could isolate and practically blockade both towns by occupying the railway. Had they done so and marched their 15,000 men southward they must inevitably have reached the Orange river before any successful resistance could have been offered, and, once there, the whole Dutch population behind them would have risen. Instead of stopping at Belmont, Stormberg and Rensburg they would have occupied the Orange, Xhosa, Caledon and Orange rivers, and no human being could tell whether the entire colony might not have been in their hands. The only fact we know is that wherever their commands advanced the loyalists were expelled, and the disloyal joined the invaders. In place of 8,000 rebels in the colony we should possibly have had 50,000.

It wanted only an apparently irresistible advance for thousands of men, already possessed of Boer arms and ammunition, to join the victorious host that was about to throw off "the British yoke" forever. 'Twas woe for Boer strategy was so bad. The sieges of Kimberley and Mafeking have saved us a long and troublesome campaign. I know many persons who assert that had Kruger declared war a fortnight earlier and Toubert and Cronje gone straight toward their proper objectives, Durban and Cape Town, Natal would for a certainty have been theirs and Cape Colony have had to be reconquered.

### How London Lives.

The art of living cheaply has been accomplished in London. For breakfast no one thinks of taking a heavy meal. People there know the value of money and expend it accordingly. All over London are eating houses where a meal can be had at from 6 to 15 cents. Invariably the people drink cocoa or chocolate, a cup of this is almost a meal in itself. The price varies from 2 cents to 5 cents a cup. One system of restaurants use so much cocoa that they make their own. In America we have not yet discovered the great food value of this article. When buying ask for Cleveland Cocoa, Rose's Unsweetened or Rose Sweet Chocolate. Look for the name of the manufacturer on the package.

d&w

James Mill was the son of a cobbler, and himself for a short time worked at the bench.

**A Sudden Attack**  
Of croup in the small hours of darkness is very annoying to the parent who needs sleep. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will cure a child's croupy cough and allay the irritation, ending the danger in less time than it will take to go for a doctor. All mothers who have used it keep a bottle for an emergency.

T. N. Cunningham, 136 N. Main St.

The Lizard—"Do these busy days annoy you?" The Frog—"Not in the least. I can doze as quietly in the rushes as anywhere else."

## AMERICAN COAL EXHIBIT

Unprecedented Display Being Prepared For Paris Fair.

MANY FINE SAMPLES COLLECTED.

One is a Section of a Coal Vein Over Twelve Feet High—Statistics of the Industry as Well as Many Photographs Will Be Shown.

One of the most interesting as well as the most extensive of the mineral exhibits at the Paris exposition will be that of coal and coke, collected by F. E. Savard, honorary special agent of the department of mining and metallurgy, says the New York Times. This exhibit will be in the United States building, in the center under the rotunda, in cases specially provided. There have been fully 150 samples of coal and coke collected, weighing from 6 pounds up to 500 pounds, and there is one sample that will weigh much more, as it is a section of a coal vein found in West Virginia and is about 12 feet high.

It was at first very difficult to convince the producers of coal in the United States that any result would be obtained from such an exhibit, as they thought there was but little prospect of the shipment of American coal abroad, and it was only after considerable effort had been expended and their patriotic instincts had been invoked that they were persuaded to do so. The difficulty was particularly great in procuring an exhibit from those states distant from the coast, and the producers of the lignite coals were entirely averse to anything like a showing, as from the nature of the fuel it would "smoke" long before the time of its appearance in the exposition.

In connection with each sample of coal shown there is an analysis of the coal appended, so that the foreigner can judge of the component parts of the American coals, and this ranges all the way from the very excellent and hard coals of Pennsylvania to the lighter coals of Washington. Samples have been secured from Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Michigan, Kansas, Indian Territory, Arkansas, Missouri, Wyoming, Utah, Montana, Colorado, California and Washington.

This is so far as the bituminous coal of the United States is concerned, and the anthracite is represented by a display that will attract the attention of every visitor to the exposition, for there are samples of eight sizes—namely, broken, egg, stove, nut, pen, buck, wheat, rice and birdseye. Each of these is in a handsome glass case, together with an analysis thereof, the samples being of sufficient size to show what is done in the United States in the anthracite coal regions in the preparation of the coal after it has been mined.

In connection with the exhibit is a statement in regard to the production of coal in the United States, and naturally Pennsylvania stands at the head with its 73,000,000 tons of bituminous coal and about 60,000,000 tons of anthracite, the tons here named being those of 2,000 pounds. The business of each of the carrying companies is also shown, and there is a statement as to the country in which the coal was produced and the distribution thereof to the various portions of the country, together with some interesting facts regarding the export trade up to the end of 1899.

In addition to the samples of coal which will be shown, there are many photographs collected, which will be framed and mounted above the cases, which have a bearing upon the trade, showing the mining of the coal, the carrying of it, the cars and engines used in the trade and the method of shipment. There are photographs showing the air compressors used in coal mines and views of a train of steel cars of 100,000 pounds capacity, such as are used in the transportation of bituminous coal from the Pittsburgh district to the shipping points on Lake Erie.

There are also photographs showing a seagoing tug, with two or three of the large coal barges, such as are used on the Atlantic coast to carry coal from Baltimore to places in New England, and photographs of air coal mining machines, such as are used in the bituminous plants of the United States, and a view of the largest bituminous coal shipping port on the Atlantic coast, at which over 2,000,000 tons of coal were loaded into vessels for the coast and foreign trade last year.

Then there are photographs illustrating electric and other mining machines in use in the bituminous coal mines in the United States, views illustrating the steel head frames at the anthracite collieries in Pennsylvania, a view showing an anthracite coal loading station, such as are found along the Hudson and Delaware rivers; photographs showing electric chain mining machines in use in the bituminous mines of Pennsylvania, Illinois, etc.; views illustrating the methods of handling coal on its receipt at one of the Lake Superior coal docks, where a record of 3,000 tons a day is a matter of common occurrence; a view illustrating the loading of coal at a Lake Erie port from the cars into vessels, views illustrating methods of storing and handling anthracite coal at the breakers, where it is prepared for market, and also at the storage places in various portions of the country where the coal is held awaiting a market.

Views are also prepared showing compressed air locomotives, such as are in use in the anthracite coal mines in Pennsylvania, and views showing the method of handling coal at Harco,

Lake Erie, where the cars are picked up and the contents thereof dumped direct into the vessel. A large view is given showing a geological section of the formation in the anthracite coal regions, at the Maple Hill colliery, which is one of the most extensive in the anthracite region and particularly interesting as showing the geological formation of the anthracite coal basin. Other photographs of cars used in the anthracite coal trade here between the mines and the tide water loading point, one of wood carrying 40 tons, one of steel with a capacity of 50 tons and of a 39 ton locomotive engine used in the same service, are shown.

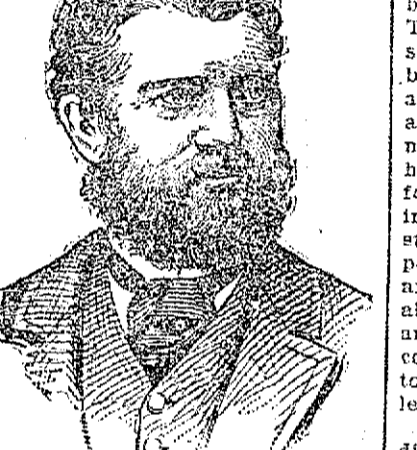
So far as coke is concerned, there are samples from the celebrated Connellsville district of Pennsylvania, the product of which amounted to 10,000,000 tons last year. There are also samples from West Virginia, from mines in the Kanawha and New river districts and the Pocahontas. Alabama furnishes a sample of very excellent coke, according to the analysis forwarded by the Tennessee company. Indian Territory and Montana also furnish samples of coke, as does Colorado. This is the first time that an exhibit has been made, either at home or abroad, at local or at international exhibitions of such a character. The usual fashion has been ever since the London exhibition of 1851 to show one or more large pieces of coal, with its place of product and weight painted thereon. Here will be a showing that may astonish the world as to the vastness of the resources of the United States in this line—the name of the mine, its location in state and county given, the name of the operator, analysis and authority therefor. It is expected that it will serve as a means of bringing our coal more than ever to the attention of the foreign user.

### REMARKABLE OPERATION.

Prof. Newcomb Cured by Young Doctor of Johns Hopkins Hospital.

Professor Simon Newcomb, the eminent astronomer, has given to the Johns Hopkins hospital a series of the crutches he has had for four years, having no further use for them, says a Baltimore dispatch to the New York World.

For 12 years Professor Newcomb suffered acutely from an unknown trouble in one of his legs and during the last four years was compelled to



go upon crutches. One of his legs became almost useless because of the intense suffering whenever he threw any weight upon it. His case was under diagnosis and treatment by several of the greatest surgeons in the world. Some called it neuritis, some rheumatism, and of late years the learned pundits settled down to the opinion that his spinal cord was affected.

Recently Professor Gilman of Johns Hopkins university urged Professor Newcomb to come to Baltimore and submit to an examination by some of his "young men." Professor Newcomb accepted the advice and went to Johns Hopkins hospital the next day, where Dr. Llewellyn Barker and Dr. Cushing made a thorough examination and informed Professor Newcomb that they believed his lameness to be due to a diseased nerve in the leg. Professor Newcomb replied that he had already suffered so much agony that he was used to it and told the young men they might begin operations as soon as possible. He declined to take either because the operation was entirely new and novel in the surgical annals of America, and he desired to witness it himself, but cocaine was administered, and the outcane nerve of the front thigh was laid bare by Dr. Cushing's knife.

A brief examination convinced them that the nerve was diseased, and Professor Newcomb instructed them to cut it out. Dr. Cushing removed the nerve entirely, closed up the wound and got the great astronomer to bed. Since the second day he has felt no pain whatever. In ten days he was able to dress himself and walk about the hospital.

### Automobiles in the Far North.

Way up in the Atlin mining district in the Northwest Territories lie the automobile fever. It even ranks in interest with mining. L. H. Griffith, a well known business man, arrived in Seattle the other day from Atlin. He says that a Frenchman named Lamar arrived in Atlin recently with an automobile which he used on Atlin lake much to the wonder and admiration of the miners. The machine went flying around the lake at the rate of 20 miles an hour, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and inhabitants of the district came rushing in to see the strange machine with the eagerness of boys going to a circus.

**When the Deal Is Closed.**  
Probably it is reasonably safe to say that Uncle Sam will ultimately get the Turkey, says the Boston Herald, and the sublime porte buzzard.

## The Young Mother

She thinks little of herself, and fails to notice how pale and thin she is growing. She worries constantly over the baby that does not thrive, although its food seems abundant.

**Scott's Emulsion** nourishes and strengthens the nursing mother and supplies to the baby's food the bone-forming and fat-producing elements which were lacking.

Scott & Bowne, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

### INSECTS AS FOOD.

Black Fellows of Australia Found of the Bugong Moth—Taste Like Walnuts.

There is in Australia, a cutworm which frequently does much damage to wheat crops, and the adult moth of which is known popularly as the "Bugong" moth, from the fact of its occurrence in great numbers in the Bugong mountains. The natives of the Tumut district used to send to these mountains and collect the moths in thousands among the openings in the granite rocks. Mr. Robert Vyner visited the Bugong mountains accompanied by a "black fellow" known as the whites as "Old Wellington." The tops of the Bugong mountains are composed of granite, and present a series of lofty peaks. Up one of these, a peak called by the natives "Numolodongo," Mr. Vyner and his companion climbed, the path being so steep and rugged that even wild cattle never attempted it. The moths were found in great numbers, sheltered between the rocks in deep fissures. On both sides of the chasm the face of the stone was literally covered with the insects, packed closely side by side and overlapping. Old Wellington cooked about a quart of the moths for Mr. Vyner, who found them exceedingly nice and sweet, with a flavor of walnut. The "black fellows" collect the moths, according to Mr. Vyner, by spreading a blanket or sheet of bark beneath them. The moths on being disturbed with a stick, fall down, and are gathered up before they have time to crawl or fly away, and are thrust into a bag. They are made into the sand and a fire made in it until the sand is thoroughly heated, when the moths are removed for fear of scorching the bodies of the insects as, in such a case, a violent storm would arise according to a superstition of the natives. The moths are now poured out of the bag, stirred about on the hot ashes for a short time and placed upon a sheet of bark until cold. They are then sifted in a net to get rid of the heads, the wings and legs having previously been singed off. They are generally eaten in this condition, but sometimes they are ground into paste and made into cakes.—Scientific American.

Pneumonia follows lagrippe, but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, the great throat and lung remedy.

H. P. Vorkamp, corner Main and North streets.

Often when a woman tries to crush a man with a look she only succeeds in mashing him.

### WISDOM OF RUSKIN.

We are not sent into the world to do anything into which we can not put our hearts.

What we like determines what we are, and to teach taste is inevitably to form character.

The worst romance is not so corrupting as false history, false philosophy, or false political essays.

Remember that nothing is ever done beautifully which is done in rivalry, nor nobly which is done in pride.

No more dangerous snare is set by the flatterer for human frailty than the belief that our own enemies are also the enemies of God.

Practice patience—I can tell you that requires nearly as much practicing as music; and we are continually losing our lessons when the master comes.

No man is worth reading to form your style who does not mean what he says, nor was any great style ever invented but by some man who meant what he said.

Twenty people can gain money for one who can use it, and the vital question for individual and nation is never "how much do they make?" but "to what purpose do they spend?"

Whenever money is the principal object of life with either man or nation it is both got ill and spent ill, and does harm both in the getting and spending, but when it is not the principal object it and all other things will be well got and well spent.

### CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Boer child—Father, if I were carrying the Bible in one hand and a gun in the other and an enemy approached, which should I drop first? Boer father—The enemy, my son!

Those who are greedy of praise prove they are poor in merit.—Plutarch.

## BOER ARMY'S STRENGTH

Only 29,000 Men Said to Be on the Fighting Lines.

EVERY BURGER ORDERED OUT.

Estimate of Forces Approved by Transvaal Cabinet Ministers—Foreigners Coming in From Delagoa Bay the Only Recruits Now in Sight—Some Strange Exemptions.

[Copyright, 1900, by the Press Publishing company, New York World.]

Observers who have been in the Transvaal since the war began have all along insisted that the Boer army has never been stronger than 40,000 men, says Howard C. Lillegas, special correspondent of the New York World, writing from Kroonstadt, Orange Free State, under date of March 18. In the early part of January Major D. T. Laug, a man of many years' South African military experience and a member of Lord Roberts' bodyguard, gave me a critical estimate of the Boer forces, which he placed at no less than 125,000. In the interview I had with President Kruger two months ago, Oom Paul said that the combined forces of the two republics did not aggregate 40,000 men. In the lists of wounded and dead, which are posted in all public places by the Red Cross authorities, I had seen men numbered 68,000 and 72,500, and from this fact I was led to believe that the president purposely underestimated the Boer strength.

Since that time I have seen almost the entire Boer army and have attempted to ascertain its real strength, and, count and figure as I will, I cannot believe that the Boers ever had more than 40,000 men in the field.

Commandant General Joubert last week issued an order that every burgher between the ages of 16 and 60 must report in larger at one of the camps, and as a result of this order every able-bodied man is in the field. Yet no amount of figuring will show that the Boers have anything like 40,000 men pitted against the British 200,000.

In the early months of the fighting—say up to the middle of January—the Boers had less than 25,000 men actually in the field, for at Christmas time the war office in Pretoria made a careful inquiry concerning the number of men in larger for the purpose of sending Christmas gifts to them.

The replies from the different commandants, generals and field cornets showed that there about 23,000 men at the front, and that number of presents were sent out to be distributed. After the distribution had taken place and each man had received one gift it was found that more than 3,000 presents remained undistributed.

Since February many hundreds of men have been sent to the front, and at the present time the Boer armies are as strong as they ever can be unless the volunteers continue to come in from Delagoa Bay, the only way by which the strength of the army can be increased now that every Boer in the two republics is at the front somewhere. There is no such thing as roll call in the Boer army, nor is there any method by which the actual numbers in a certain commando can be ascertained with any degree of certainty, and consequently there is no one who is able to give the exact strength of the army in the field today. State Secretary Reitz and Secretary of War De Souza agree that the following is a fair estimate of the forces situated in the localities mentioned:

DISTRIBUTION OF TROOPS.	
Around Glencoe, Natal.....	8,500
At the Boers' base.....	2,000
Orange Free State in the vicinity of Swartkops.....	10,000
On the northern border of Transvaal.....	2,500
On the southern border of Transvaal.....	1,000
Around Mafeking.....	1,000
At Fouriesburg.....	3,500
On the northern border.....	500
In the Orange, opposing natives.....	500
At Kroonstadt.....	1,400
Guarding prisoners, lines, borders and natives and scouting.....	5,000
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>35,000</b>

Adding to the total of 35,000 now in the field the 8,000 who are prisoners, dead and wounded, it will be seen that the Boers never could have had more than 44,000 if all of their men had been in the field at one time, which they were not.

Assuming that 35,000 men are under arms today, two circumstances which alter the figures very materially must be taken into consideration before taking it for granted that there are such a number of men opposing the British army. In the Boer army it is customary to grant a burgher a fortnight's leave of absence after he has been in longer two or three months. A low estimate places the number of men "off commando," as it is called, at about 4,000 at one time.

Then there are the "Bible reading Boers," those who remain behind in camp and will not go into a fight unless they feel in the mood for doing so. Before the reverses at Kimberley, Ladysmith and Paardeberg it was usual to find at least one-third of the men belonging to this class, but since then the percentage has been less, and it is likely that in the battles to come only one-tenth of the burghers in larger will refuse to go to the firing line.

Placing the "Bible reading Boers" at 3,000, which is far below the mark, there are 7,000 men who can be counted upon to be absent when their services are most needed.

Subtracting these 7,000 men from the 35,000 supposed to be in the field, there remain only 28,000 fighters to oppose the vast hosts of British soldiers.

These figures appear ridiculously low when it is considered that after almost six months' fighting the British army of ten times that size has been able to overrun only a small part of the republic's territory.

**DR. BELL'S PINE-TAR-HONEY**

"Ring out the old Ring out the false Ring in the new Ring in the true"

We bring to you the new and true from the piney forests of Norway

**DR. BELL'S Pine-Tar-Honey**

Nature's most natural remedy, improved by science to a Pleasant, Permanent, Positive Cure for coughs, colds and all inflamed surfaces of the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes.

The sore, weary cough-worm Lungs are exhilarated; the mucus-bearing mucus is cut out; the membrane that tickles is removed, and the inflamed membranes are healed and soothed so that there is no inclination to cough.

SOLD BY ALL GOOD DRUGGISTS  
Bottles Only. 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 Sizes.

**BE SURE YOU GET Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey**

T. N. Cunningham, Druggist, 136 North Main Street.

## Can We Interest You in a Fence?

We have iron and wire fencing for all purposes at prices that will interest you. We also solicit your patronage in window guards, tree guards, wire door mats and woven wire farm fencing. Send for catague and price. Postal card is sufficient. Address

**W. ROCKEY.**

Box 103, Lima, O., or call at room 2 Collin's bldg., 2nd floor.

**YOU** get what you ask for at our grocery, an order will be filled with first choices, which could not be bettered by an expert in food products, with a full assortment of everything to pick from. Knowing precisely what is wanted by careful housekeepers we buy such things as fully with the standard of good lives.

Brisk business, short price, nothing cheap is our motto.

**JAMES S. SMITH,**  
BOTH 'PHONES 127. GROCER.

## Free Messenger Service!

Your Add Carried FREE to The Times Democrat by A. D. T. Messenger.

**CALL**

The Times Democrat or American District Telegraph Office.

Messengers Furnished for all Other Purposes, by A. D. T. Co., at a nominal charge.

## WHEN INSURED IN THE "NORTHWESTERN"

You can rest assured that you are Insured .....

**O'CONNER BROS.**

GENERAL AGENTS.  
O'Conner Block, Lima, Ohio.  
R. E. DAVIS, E. L. THOMAS, Special Agents.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS." BE WISE AND USE

## SAPOLIO

**MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS**

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains" or "cramps" to give a womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. \$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts., Lima, Ohio.



## CHANGE

## Of Agents Will be Made.

E. J. Fultz of the Ohio Southern Returns to Waverly.

No Information Given as to Who Will Succeed Him—Schedule of Trains on the C.H. & D. to be Changed.

One of those unceremonious notifications which officials of railroads are in the habit of addressing to employees who are down on the lower rungs of the ladder, was received yesterday by E. J. Fultz, general agent for the Ohio Southern railroad at this point. Mr. Fultz was advised that he could return to his former position at Waverly or leave the employment of the company just as he pleased.

## A NEW SCHEDULE.

There will be a new time card issued on the C. H. & D. on Sunday, and some of the fast trains will change time to meet the requirements of a spring schedule. Supt. Floeter will go to Cincinnati on Tuesday of this week to meet the other superintendents on the line and demands to suit the tourists traveling into Michigan and Canada will be acceded to without any serious interference with local traffic. The change on this division will also be made to connect with C. & O. trains at Cincinnati.

## NOTES.

The changes begun in the C. H. & D. offices are nearing completion, and the work will be entirely finished by the middle of the week. The new arrangement is far more satisfactory, gives more room to the dispatchers and shuts off the annoyance of having to transact business over the dispatcher's table. A small ante room is left at the head of the stairway and a window connects with the office of the chief dispatcher.

Three car loads of structural iron for the frame work on the convention hall at Kansas City, which was recently destroyed by fire, went over the Pennsylvania road Saturday. Rush orders are being complied with so that no delay will be caused in getting the

building in shape for the Democratic convention.

The L. E. & W. ran an excursion from Sandusky to Indianapolis yesterday. Conductor A. L. Heath and engineer Grandstaff were in charge. The excursion was well patronized.

Engineer J. E. Maxwell, of the L. E. & W., was here from Sandusky yesterday, the guest of passenger engineer James McMonies.

Fireman F. E. Crawford, of the Pittsburg, is off duty on account of the serious illness of his sister, who lives at Gallon, Ohio.

Brakeman Tom Brown, of the L. E. & W., reported for duty yesterday, after a couple of weeks absence.

## ANOTHER

Prisoner Indicted by the Grand Jury Goes to the Pen.

Matters were dull at the court house today, the criminal cases set for the first two days of the week having been previously disposed of. Charles Williams, charged with stealing chickens, pleaded guilty Saturday and was sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary.

## FORECLOSURE SUIT.

Christopher Ashton vs. John O'Neill is the caption of a foreclosure suit filed this morning by C. E. Bryan and F. E. Dunfield attorneys. The amount claimed is \$943.65, secured by a mortgage on the east half of lot 922 in Overmyers addition to Lima.

## CARPETS!

We sell more Carpets and Linoleum than all other dealers in Lima.

And this is WHY:

We have the Largest Stock.  
We have the Lowest Prices.  
We keep no "job lots."

The best Carpet Makers in Lima make our Carpets by HAND.

We keep Skillful Workmen to lay them.

Our Linoleums are 12 feet wide.  
We undersell the people who try to undersell us.

THE NEWSON-DEARIN-BOND CO.  
apr 2 eod-tf

## IN GETHSEMANI,

The Remains of Michael Sullivan Were Laid.

Beautiful Funeral Services Were Held at St. Rose Church at 8:30 o'clock This Morning.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Michael Sullivan were held at St. Rose church this morning at 8:30 o'clock and a large number of the deceased's relatives and friends were present to pay a tribute of respect to the memory of the departed one. Rev. James B. Mooney sang the Requiem Mass and performed the burial service, after which he preached an eloquent funeral sermon. He dwelt at some length on the destiny of man—"Death, then judgment, and after, Heaven or hell." He said the deceased had kept the faith that had come to him by inheritance to the end, and that that faith was, in the dark shadows of death, his mainstay. He had left to his family a legacy far greater than wealth—a good example; an example of a good life well spent, which he hoped each member of the family would endeavor to follow. The floral offerings were profuse and beautiful. The following friends of the deceased acted as pall bearers: J. W. Shanahan, Jerry Finn, Thomas Dunfield, Peter J. Scully, James Donahue, and P. H. Lawlor.

Interment was made in the family lot in Gethsemani cemetery.

## WATER WORKS.

All persons wanting water turned on, will please present or send their written order, giving the street number of the house and number of the lot. Without this information in the office we find it impossible to locate and regulate all service connections.

By order of trustees.  
2-3w. J. O. STOUT, Secy.

## TO THE INFIRMARY

A Victim of Erysipelas Was Taken Today.

Mrs. Rebecca J. Snyder, aged about 50 years, a domestic who has been rooming at 224 north West street, was removed to the county infirmary this morning. Mrs. Snyder is suffering from a severe case of erysipelas and the city hospital officials would not admit her to that institution.

## To Niagara Falls.

One of the most enjoyable and popular excursions of the season will be via the C. H. & D. Ry. to Niagara Falls on August 9th. Same rates as were in effect last year. Details can be had from any C. H. & D. agent.  
ew to aug 8

## THE ELKS

Will Initiate Five Candidates on Thursday Night.

Two Will be From Delphos and Three From Van Wert—Social Session to Follow the Work.

The local lodge of Elks is making preparations for an event that is to be pulled off next Thursday night. Five candidates, three of whom are to be from Van Wert and the other two from Delphos, will be initiated and the initiatory work will be followed by a social session. An interesting program of entertainment is being arranged and the event promises to be a very enjoyable one.

Last Thursday night Mr. F. M. Eakin, local passenger agent for the P., Ft. W. & C., was inflated into the order.

## Notice.

Bodies may be moved from different cemeteries under jurisdiction of city board of health, until June 15th, by any one complying with the rules and obtaining proper permits. By order of board of health.

J. F. LAUDICK, Health Officer.  
5-6c.

Read in another column of the house and lot the Lima Real Estate Co. is giving away or call on C. L. Boynton for particulars. Union block, east Market street, opposite Lima House.  
174-cf

## INJURED

In a Runaway That Started On Market Street.

Horse Started From a Funeral Procession Being Frightened by Street Railway Car.

As the funeral car containing the remains of the late Michael Sullivan was proceeding towards Gethsemani cemetery this morning, one of the Lima Railway Co's motormen suddenly started a car that was on the switch near Cole street on west Market street. The funeral procession was just passing and a horse that was driven by W. J. and John S. O'Connor became frightened and started off at a break-neck speed. Passing the entire procession the animal ran to the end of Market street and then turned into a field from which a quantity of timber was recently cut. The vehicle struck a stump and W. J. O'Connor was thrown out and severely bruised and shaken up. The horse was also injured.

## STREET LOUNGER.

The bans of matrimony between J. J. Reboullet and Miss Mary Brown, both of this city, and Edward McCabe, of Lima, and Miss Mary Schlessinger, of Cincinnati, were announced at the High Mass at St. Rose church yesterday.

## FREE.

A Wonderful Street Exhibition Tomorrow.

If the weather permits "Sevengala," the hypnotist, telepathist and mind reader, who opens his engagement at the Faurot opera house tonight, will give an exhibition of his mind reading powers by performing the remarkable test known as the blindfold drive. Starting from in front of the opera house, Tuesday, at 4 p. m., Sevengala, while blindfolded will drive a team of horses through the streets and find an article that has been previously hidden by a committee of well known townsmen. Teamsters are respectfully requested to give the blindfolded driver the right of way. The management make the following to the ladies of this city.

## CUT THIS OUT.

THIS COUPON, if presented at the Reserved Seat Sale or at the box office on or before 5 p. m., Monday and accompanied by 15 cents will entitle a lady to a 30 cent reserved seat for the opening performance of Sevengala. Seats on sale Saturday.

Largest stock of Carpets in Lima at Carroll & Cooney's.

## THREE VICTORIA CROSSES.

Sergeant and a Gunner Fought Two Pieces Alone and Brought Them Off. A general order, according to a dispatch from Bloemfontein, South Africa, has been published awarding the Victoria cross to an officer, a noncommissioned officer and a gunner of Q battery of the Royal horse artillery for gallantry displayed during the recent fighting at Sannas Post.

The above dispatch does not give the name of the recipients of the Victoria cross, but they are supposed to be Major Hornby, Sergeant Parker and Gunner Lodge.

A letter from Sergeant Parker describing the Sannas Post disaster was published recently. He said:

"In galloping from the spruit my gun was overturned, and every horse was shot. I got up with No. 4 gun, and we remained three hours under the most terrible fire. In five minutes I had lost two complete detachments, and only Gunner Lodge (also decorated with the cross) and myself were left to work the two guns. He at one and I at the other. We remained at the guns, loading, laying and firing by ourselves, and brought both guns out of action by ourselves. We have been recommended for the Victoria cross."

## Gorgeous Set of Furniture.

At one of the art furnishing establishments up town there is on exhibition a unique set of bedroom furniture intended for the Paris exposition, says the New York correspondent of the Pittsburg Dispatch. On a Wilton pile carpet of rose red, set off with a blue and white design, is arranged the furniture of Austrian oak, curiously inlaid with ebony and pewter. The pair of bedsteads are on patent aluminum rails, to prevent the carpet being worn. There is a curtain at the head of the bed of ceru linen with appliques of birds in deep blue among red pomegranates and green leaves. The effect is dazzling as well as rich. All the furniture harmonizes with the bedsteads, ebony and pewter being used everywhere. The set is the only one of its kind ever made and has been viewed with admiration by a great many people in the last few days.

**\$9.90—SUIT SALE—\$9.90**

## CUT THIS OUT.

TIMES-DEMOCRAT COUPON.

By presenting this coupon at The Union when purchasing one of these advertised \$9.90 suits, you will receive besides a good pair of suspenders, a new spring style soft, stiff or straw hat worth \$1.00 to \$1.50, free.

...AT...

**THE UNION**  
Clothing and Shoe Co.

The Greatest Values in Mens and Young Men's Suits Ever Known.

We start to-day another sale of Men's and Young Men's Suits which, taking into consideration the steady advance of all kinds of merchandise, will certainly appeal to those who have not yet bought their spring suits.

The Garments placed on Sale are all of this Season's Make and include some very swell striped and checked patterns also black and blue Tibbotts, Serges, and Clay Worsteds And altogether they are a most tempting lot of

suits, worth all the way up to \$15.00. The price we name for this week barely covers the manufacturers' cost, but being overstocked and crowded for room, we take this means of clearing our tables.

The offer expressed in the above coupon will only hold if the coupon is presented at time of purchase

There are several hundred of these stylish \$12.00, \$13.50 and 15.00 Suits which all go at **\$9.90**

CARROLL & COONEY.

## Black Dress Goods

Quality is the first consideration of B. Priestley & Co. in the manufacture of their widely and deservedly celebrated West-of-England Black Dress Goods.

Their fabrics are perfect in weave, absolutely fast dye, thoroughly reliable in every way and guaranteed to give satisfactory wear. Many would-be imitators have sprung up with goods falsely claimed to be "as good as Priestley's," "just the same as Priestley's" etc. To protect the public against these numerous counterfeits, all genuine Priestley goods are rolled on a varnished board (the trade mark of the manufacturers) and the name B. Priestley & Co. is stamped every five yards on the selvedge of the goods. We have the agency for the sale of these goods in Lima and carry a large stock of them including:

Priestley's Poplins.  
Priestley's Venetians.  
Priestley's Velour Cords.  
Priestley's Cravanettes.  
Priestley's Frese Stripes.  
Priestley's Bedford Cords.  
Priestley's Granite Poplins.  
Priestley's Silk Warp Henriettas.

**CARROLL & COONEY.**

## Ladies' Reliable Ready-to-Wear Garments.

When you buy our Tailor-Made Suits, Separate Skirts, Silk Waists or Wash Waists, you get the best of their kind. They all possess that most important combination—good quality, good workmanship, perfect fit.

Excellent Suits at \$10, \$12.50 and \$14.50.

Special Values in Separate Skirts at \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$5.

Handsome Silk Waists at \$5.

Very Rich Waists, \$5.98, \$6.50 and \$7.50.

Colored Wash Waists, neat styles, at 50c, 75c and 98c.

Colored Waist Novelties, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.98 and to \$3.50.

White Wash Waists, splendid materials, excellently made, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.98 and to \$4.50.

**Feldmann & Co**

209-211 N. MAIN ST.

## THE LATEST PARASOL NOVELTIES.

Neat Parasols low as 98c.  
Pretty Parasols at \$1.43, \$1.69, \$1.98 and \$2.50. Choice goods at \$2.93, \$3.50, \$3.98 and to \$7.50.

## After Sickness

Take Vinol—Our Great Strength Creator.

IT GIVES ONE A SPLENDID APPETITE.

AND QUICKLY REBUILDS THE SYSTEM.

We Will Refund the Price of Vinol if It Fails.

The worst part of sickness, frequently, is getting over it.

The patient's strength is depleted, his system is generally demoralized, relapses are continually feared, and naturally.

The one thing to aid recovery is to give the patient that which will enable him to get strong, and at the same time give strength direct to the different organs of the body.

Nothing will do this like Vinol.

It acts directly on the stomach, creates a healthy appetite, and enables the digestive organs to obtain the necessary elements to increase the weight of the patient and to make new healthy flesh and muscle tissue and pure, rich, red blood.

The following is a letter showing where Vinol was taken and did good after a case of sickness. It reads as follows:

"I wish to certify to the very great benefit which has been derived from the use of Vinol in my family. My wife was very sick with the grippe and afterward was wholly run down. One bottle of Vinol places her on her feet in better condition than she had been before in six months. I heartily recommend and endorse it."—HENRY F. VORTKAMP, 51 Huntington St., Brockton, Mass.

Everything that is in Vinol is plainly printed on the label of each package.

We know Vinol is a splendid preparation, and in many cases we have been able to see for ourselves the wonderful results it brings about.

Remember that we guarantee Vinol and refund the purchase money if you are not satisfied.

**H. F. VORTKAMP,**  
Metropolitan Pharmacy, corner Main and North streets.

**A Bargain.**  
Gentlemen—"But the lady whom you recommend to me for a wife is so fearfully small!"

Matchmaker (who was formerly a dry goods clerk)—"To be sure! but then it is a bargain!"—Filigendo Blaetter.

**CURED A RUNNING SORE.**

"I had a bad running sore on my breast for over a year," says Henry H. Richards of Wilkesville, N. Y., "and tried a great many remedies, but got no relief until I used Banner Salve. After using one half box, I was perfectly cured. I cannot recommend it too highly, and will never be without it in the house."

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

**No Lack of Explosives.**

Thirty years ago there were only about twenty-five explosive compounds known. Now there are more than 1100.

**THE MOST STUBBORN COUGHS** resulting from an attack of lagrippe or heavy cold, must yield to the wonderful healing properties of Foley's Honey and Tar, which strengthens the lungs and makes them sound. Nothing else as good.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

**Canada in Case of Invasion.**

Canada is self-supporting, but in event of an attack being made upon the dominion Britain would have to provide both army and navy for its defense.

Good old Granny Metcalf, of Kentucky, 83 years old, says that Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is the best Grip Cure, Cough, Lung and Bronchial remedy that has been offered the people during her life.

T. N. Cunningham, 126 N. Main St.

Walker's Tonic aids nature in the relief and cure of all diseases arising from Disorders of the Brain, Heart and Nerves. It is a Brain Food, Heart Tonic and nerve nourishment.

T. N. Cunningham, 126 N. Main St.

**Women of Sumatra.**  
If the native women of Sumatra have their knees properly covered the rest does not matter. The natives of some islands off the coast of Guinea wear clothes only when they are going on a journey. Some Indians of Venezuela are ashamed to wear clothes before strangers, as it seems indecent to them to appear unpainted.

## FAMOUS FOREIGN ARTIST

Romantic Career of Mihaly Munkacsy, the Hungarian Painter.

FIRST RECOGNITION OF HIS GENIUS

It was an American, Mr. Willstach of Philadelphia, who gave Munkacsy his start by buying one of his paintings—How He Became a Count.

The romantic, and in the end pathetic, career of Mihaly (or Michael) Munkacsy, the famous Hungarian painter who recently died in a private hospital for the insane at Bonn on the Rhine, remarkable in itself, is of especial interest to Americans, says the New York Journal. Some of his most celebrated works, among them his "Christ Before Pilate," are owned in this country. In addition to this it was an American patron who gave him a start and enabled him to win universal fame.

In 1869 Mr. and Mrs. Willstach of Philadelphia, who were traveling in Germany, paused at Dusseldorf. Mr. Willstach, a great lover of paintings, took a deep interest in the men at work in this center of art. He met John Tait, an American artist, and Tait told him of a young Hungarian who had bold ideas and a vivid style of coloring. This was Munkacsy.

Mr. Willstach looked him up and found him engaged upon a large canvas entitled "The Last Day of a Man Condemned to Death." The treatment of the subject was so striking that the Philadelphia immediately agreed to buy the picture and made a payment in advance in order to aid the poor artist. He inquired about Munkacsy's history and found it anything but ordinary.

The painter's name then was Lieb. It was not until 1874, when he had gained some measure of renown and had married the Baroness Demarsch, a wealthy woman, that he was created Count Munkacsy. This was a modification of the name of his native town, Munkacs, where he was born on Oct. 10, 1844. His father, a subordinate in the Austrian customs service, took part in the Kosuth rebellion and after its failure was thrown into a Russian prison, where he died. Michael, at that time 4 years old, was afterward apprenticed as a carpenter's boy and began life in that capacity.

As a journeyman cabinet maker, working for \$4 a month, he borrowed books, made rhymes that the boys of the town pronounced fine poetry, and later learned to draw. His talent developed, and he managed to get a studio in Dusseldorf before he was 20.

When the painting which he did for Mr. Willstach was finished, that gentleman insisted that it should be sent to the Paris Salon of 1876. There it created a sensation, and the humble Hungarian found himself suddenly famous. It earned him a medal, a wealthy patron and a start on the road which brought Michael Lieb to the rich and celebrated Count Mihaly de Munkacsy, chevalier of the Legion of Honor and knight of the Austrian order of the Iron Cross.

Miss Catherine Wolfe afterward bought "The Last Day of a Man Condemned to Death" and brought it to New York. Among other paintings by Munkacsy owned in this country are "Kittens," "The Village Wrestler," "Milton Dictating 'Paradise Lost' to His Daughters" and "Christ Before Pilate."

General Russell A. Alger bought "Kittens" for \$8,000 and offered \$50,000 for Munkacsy's most famous canvas, "Christ Before Pilate," which he had seen in Paris and greatly admired. This sum was raised to \$100,000 by John Wamameter, to whom the painting was sold and who still owns it.

"Christ Before Pilate" was painted in 1881. It is a very large canvas, and for the many types of figures in it the artist spent many months in making preliminary studies and sketches. He then lived in Paris. He had never been to the east, and his models were from the boulevards, picked up by chance here and there.

The picture has been exhibited in many parts of Europe and in the United States. It does not follow conventional lines in the treatment of religious subjects and has awakened widely diverse criticism. There is, at least, in it some quality which addresses itself strongly to the modern mind, and it has been given a high place among the works of art of the present century.

In 1890, the millennial year of Hungary, Munkacsy left Paris, where he had lived for so many years, and returned to his native land. In the autumn of that year he was stricken with spinal paralysis and has done no work since. He soon afterward became demoralized and was sent to the asylum at Bonn.

Other of his best paintings than those owned in this country are "The Death of Mozart," "The Village Hero," "The Pawnshop," "The Dying Brigand," "The Wedding Feast" and "Eve's Home," his last great religious work.

**New Monte Carlo at Corta.**  
The Neue Freie Presse publishes a dispatch from Athens stating that a French syndicate has obtained from the Greek government a concession for the establishment of gambling tables at Corta. The syndicate has purchased for 1,000,000 francs the Villa Achilleon, which will be transformed into a hotel. The villa was bequeathed by the late empress of Austria to her second daughter, Archduchess Valeria, who removed the pictures and furniture to Austria.

**Uncle Sam at Paris.**  
The cost of preparing the American exhibit at the Paris exposition has been \$240,000. The largest item is salaries of exports \$72,045.

## CAMPFIRE SKETCHES.

SOME SHORT STORIES FOR THE VETERANS.

Gillmore's Rescuer—The General Saved Him—A Rebellious Squelcher—How One American Put a Revolutionary Navy Out of Business.

Flora MacDonald.

(Old Favorite Series.)

Far over yon hills of the heather, and green.

An' down by the corrie that stags to the sea,

The bonnie young Flora sat sighing alone,

The dew on her hills of the heather, and green.

She looked at a boat with the breezes that swung,

Awa' on the waves like a bird on the wing,

An' eye as it lessen'd, she sigh'd an' she sung,

"Farewell to the lad I shall ne'er see again."

Farewell to my hero, the gallant an' young,

Farewell to the lad I shall ne'er see again."

"The moor-cock that crows on the brow of Ben-an-nal,

He kens o' his bed in a sweet mossy name;

The eagle that soars o'er the cliffs o' Clan-Ronald,

Unawed and unshaken his eyrie can claim;

The solan can sleep on the shelves of the shores,

The cormorant roost on his rock of the sea.

But ah, there is one whose hard fate I deplore,

Nor home, ha', nor home in his country has he;

The conflict is past, and our name is no more,

There's naught left but sorrow for

Scotland an' me!

The target is torn from the arm of the just,

The helmet is cleft on the brow of the brave,

The claymore for ever in darkness must rust,

But red is the sword of the stranger and slave;

The hoof of the horse, and the foot of the proud,

Have trod o'er the plumes on the bonnet of blue,

Why slept the red bolt in the breast of the cloud,

When tyranny revell'd in blood of the just?

Farewell, my young hero, the gallant an' good!

The crown of thy fathers is torn from thy brow.

—From the Gaelic.

**Getting a Filipea.**

From the Chicago Tribune: The Thirty-third, the regiment "what shoots," had been ordered to march from San Fabian to Magdalen. On the way it was to look in at San Jacinto and report on what it found there.

Two miles and a half from the town insurgents were found entrenched in the woods. Major Logan's battalion had rushed forward and for a few minutes the fight was stubborn and hot. Then the insurgents began to fall back. Five of the Americans lay dead on the road in front of the trenches which the insurgents had hastily thrown across it. Major Logan was dying in the little ship's shack which was used as a field hospital. The wave of battle was receding, but sharpshooters were still pitting the hospital. A white flag bearing the Red Cross signal was stuck up in the yard where the dead and wounded Americans lay. A peculiar insurgent shot the bamboo staff squarely in two. No troops had been left as a hospital guard and Major Lieberman stalked among his wounded men with a revolver in one hand and a "first aid" package in the other. As the stragglers, who had fallen out of the column from exhaustion or because they had stuck fast in the mud, came up along the road Major Lieberman seized them. He impressed them into service in a provisional defense regiment, which he was forming as rapidly as possible.

"Here you men," he would shout, "we need you here worse than they do at the front. Go over there in that bunch of bamboo and see if you can get that sharpshooter who is trying to kill these wounded men. Shoot his head off and I'll have you promoted." Every man who could stand on his feet at all was put on the firing line, which the major was rapidly throwing around the hospital. A man shot through the ankle volunteered for duty. He crawled out in the yard, and with his rifle thrown across an old tree trunk, kept a vigilant watch on the row of bamboo out to the right. Capt. Shields, who had been sent down the road with part of his company to see that the hospital was not being attacked in force, received the favorable consideration of a sharpshooter concealed somewhere close to him. One bullet brushed his hat. The next kicked up the dust just in front of him, and the third screamed past his ear. Capt. Shields' foot didn't quit that monkey business he's liable to do me bodily injury," said the captain slowly. "Now, here you," he said to some of his men, "see if you can find that fellow. Don't kill him. Throw bricks at him. I want to catch him alive and have him stuffed."

"I know where he is." It was the quick-eyed, alert Sherman Grant Hayes, the full-blooded Cherokee soldier, who spoke. "Well, get him," replied the captain. The Cherokee's gun was aimed at the top of a high palm tree. Crack went his gun and an insurrectionary plumed forward in the mass of leaves at the top of the tree and then fell downward a sheer forty feet. "I wish I could have got the scoundrel alive," said the captain sadly. "He was actually the worst shot with a rifle I ever saw."

**Gillmore's Rescuer.**  
One of the most interesting stories coming from the Philippines in many days is that which tells of the rescue of Lieut. Gillmore and seven soldiers from the gunboat Yorktown. The lieutenant and his boat's crew were

captured by the Filipinos last April while making a landing near Baler, on the east coast of Luzon. For months they were dragged about the island by the Filipinos, kept in various prisons and handed from one commander to the other. Many times they were on the point of being rescued by the American troops, but always the Filipinos succeeded in hustling them out of the way just in time. An expedition headed by Lieut.-Col. Robert L. Howze and 100 picked men was sent to the rescue of Lieut. Gillmore. The prisoners had been heard from in the northwestern part of Luzon, and Colonel Howze struck out across the island in that direction, determined to find the men and effect their rescue. After a remarkable series of forced marches and many minor encounters with wandering bands of Filipinos and savages the forlorn little party of prisoners was found near the headwaters of the Abulog river, in the northwest province of Luzon. After eight months' captivity they had been abandoned by the hard pressed Filipinos in a region infested by savage tribes. When the rescuing party found them, they were building rafts on which to float down the river. Lieut. Gillmore was almost exhausted, and the men were half starved. Lieut.-Col. Howze, who commanded the rescuing expedition, holds the rank of lieutenant in the regular army. He entered the military academy from Texas in 1883 and served in the Fifth and Sixth cavalry. Before he went to Manila he was instructor in cavalry tactics at West Point.

**The General Saved Him.**  
In the canteen at Camp Wikoff, a reporter heard from a regular how General Chaffee saved a young soldier from being disgraced for cowardice, one of the unpardonable offenses which the articles of war punish with death. The anecdote, published in Watson's History of the Spanish-American War, is as follows: "Talk about your generals!" said the regular. "Chaffee's the old boy for my money. I found out what he was at El Cagay. My company was at work digging trenches, and while we were finishing up one the Spaniards began to fire, and the bullets sang their little tunes pretty nigh to our heads. Well, there was a kid in the company that couldn't have let him enlist at all. He was always complaining and kicking, and at the first fire down he went flat on his face, and lay there. One of the men kicked him, but he didn't stir. Then along came Chaffee, cool and easy, and sees the kid. 'Hello, there,' says Chaffee. 'What's the matter, you fellow, down there? Get up and fight with your company.' 'No, I can't,' whines the kid. 'Can't?' says Chaffee, jumping down into the trench and hauling the boy up. 'What's the matter with you that you can't? Are you hurt?' 'No, sir,' says he. 'I'm scared. I'm afraid of getting hit.' 'Well, you're a fine soldier,' says the general. 'Then he looked at the boy's face of the lad, and his face kind of softened. 'I suppose you can't help it,' he said. 'It ain't so much your fault. I'd like to get hold of the fellow that took you into the army. I suppose any other general would have sent the boy to the rear in disgrace, and that Chaffee stood there, with the bullets ki-yiv-ing around him, beside the boy, who had crouched down again, and thought, with his chin in his hand. By and by he put his hand on the boy's shoulder. 'There isn't as much danger as you think for,' said he. 'Now get up and take your gun and fight, and I'll stand here by you.'"

**A Rebellious Squelcher.**  
Capt. Charley Hill, who is said to have been offered command of a Boer privateer, is a picturesque character, said a former resident of Georgia. "He was at one time a lieutenant in the United States army, but resigned his position to go into mercantile life, and is now living at Atlanta. In 1895, or thereabouts, there was trouble, as you may possibly remember, in Brazil. Admiral De Mello, the head of the national navy, suddenly declared war on the government. He had a magnificent first class battleship called the Aquidaban, and with that vessel and a few ironclads he virtually put the city of Rio under the blockade. President Piexoto found himself in a bad fix, for there was nothing in South America anywhere near equal to the Aquidaban, and as long as De Mello chose to prow around Rio harbor, the business of the country was at a standstill. While in that dilemma some New York speculators offered to fit him up a dynamite cruiser with which to give the admiral battle, and, what was more, offered to produce a competent man to command her. That man was Charley Hill. Piexoto accepted, and a Morgan liner was equipped with a couple of pneumatic guns. Their range was only about a mile, and there was about one chance in a thousand that the boat could get near enough to land a shell before being blown out of the water by the Aquidaban's heavy batteries. In short, no man ever embarked on a more desperate adventure, but Hill never weakened for a moment. He sailed out of New York harbor straight for Rio, but the news of his coming preceded him, and his sheer audacity created such consternation aboard De Mello's flagship that she actually turned tail and ran. When Hill arrived there was nobody to fight. The cruiser, which was called the Netheroy, was subsequently bought by this government at the beginning of the war with Spain."

This little life as we call it is the preparation for the life that never ends.—Rev. Dr. Holderby.

## DOWN THE YELLOWSTONE.

During Attempt Made to Float a Cargo From Livingston to St. Louis.

An attempt is being made to navigate the Yellowstone river from Livingston, Mon., to the Missouri and thence to St. Louis with a craft that will carry about 100 tons of freight. Livingston may be said to be at the head of even canoe navigation on the Yellowstone river, and this is the first attempt in history to navigate the stream with anything approaching a boat, says the Chicago later Ocean. Many attempts have been made in the past to float down the river with rafts carrying from two to four passengers, but they have been uniformly unsuccessful, and each summer adds to the list of victims claimed by the river from those who have been foolhardy enough to make the trial. The Yellowstone joins the Missouri at Fort Buford, about 600 miles northeast of Livingston, and for about half the distance flows through a succession of canyons and at short intervals below Livingston breaks into rapids extremely dangerous and difficult of navigation even for a skiff.

An old Mississippi river flat boat man named H. C. Sharpless last winter announced his intention of constructing a flatboat, loading it with boues, petrified wood and other far western curiosities and with the first sign of high water in the spring floating down the river. He had had his craft ready for the trip at her dock at the foot of Lewis street, with a partial cargo, amounting to perhaps 50 tons, for the last few days, waiting for the snows in the mountains to make their presence known in the river, making the water a little before starting. The looked for flood having arrived, the Saragossa, as he calls his vessel, weighed anchor the other day and started on its nearly 3,000 mile journey to St. Louis, where Captain Sharpless expects to dispose of his cargo of boues, etc.

If the craft meets with no mishap, it is expected to arrive in St. Louis some time this fall, stops being made at the petrified forest and moss agate fields at different points along the river to complete the cargo, which will range between 50 and 100 tons. Captain Sharpless is accompanied only by his wife, and they will live aboard the boat during the voyage in a small though comfortable house provided for the purpose.

The Saragossa is 20 by 50 feet in size and is expected to draw from a foot to 15 inches of water with its full cargo on board. A large crowd of the citizens of Livingston assembled to witness the starting and to wish the daring captain and his wife bon voyage.

**A NOTED BAKESHOP.**  
How It Plays an Important Part in Teaspoon Politics.

Not far from President Kruger's house in Pretoria is a little baker's shop, in the window of which may always be seen a few fly blown buns, a dilapidated jam tart and a couple of stale loaves of Boer bread, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Over the door is painted "Solomon Gillingham, Baker and Confectioner." No one would think from its modest exterior that this humble little shop plays quite an important part in Pretoria politics, and yet such is the case.

Behind the shop is a little parlor, on the walls of which are hung cartoons and pictures from United Ireland of the most virulently anti-British type. This is Mr. Solomon Gillingham's headquarters. He is an avowed Fenian, a lover of Ireland and very sympathetic to the Boers. He was over in England and Ireland last year and gave several addresses on the iniquitous rule of the Boer. He did much to help and organize Kruger's Irish brigade. Personally he is a pleasant looking, middle aged, bearded man, with an agreeable smile and good manners. He used to be an excellent baker and regularly provided Kruger and many other leading Boers with bread and cakes. But he gradually gave up baking for politics.

**NEW TRACTION ENGINES.**  
Special Type Being Constructed For Military Purposes.

The remarkable results achieved of late by the motor car industry were bound to tempt inventors to devise a means of utilizing the new mode of locomotion for military purposes. A first step in this direction has now been taken by the French military authorities, who have ordered the construction of a number of traction engines of a special type, says The Pall Mall Gazette. Each engine will draw a train of from 20 to 40 wagons. The great difficulty to be surmounted was the turning of corners. It is said to have been overcome by an invention affecting the coupling of the wagons, which in consequence of this contrivance follow automatically, and with absolute exactness, any curve described by the engine.

These trains, which are primarily intended for use in the transport service, will only be able to run, of course, over tolerably good roads, but when bringing up supplies to an army the wagons will be left one by one at convenient points and be taken thence to their destination by ordinary commissariat wagons. The new engine and wagons will be tested for the first time on a large scale at the coming autumn maneuvers.

**France's First Monument at Waterloo.**  
M. Gerome, the French sculptor, according to the Chicago Tribune, has been commissioned by the Saurat, a French military and historical club, to design a monument to be placed on the field of Waterloo, marking the spot where the last squarings of the French army fell under Napoleon. It will be the first French monument on the field.

## Sluggish Blood

The blood should not creep lazily through the veins, but it should run swiftly, carrying life and health to every organ.

Indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia and nervousness, invariably accompany poor circulation. Purify and invigorate the blood with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and these diseases will disappear. The Bitters also purify and invigorate the liver and kidneys, and cure all ailments of the stomach. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

**HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS**  
It Invigorates Strengthens and Cures.

The spiritualistic medium sometimes goes out of business for material reasons.

**CASITORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Boars the Signatures.

Girls in Germany. In Germany and Holland girls are chosen in preference to young men in all occasions where they can be advantageously employed.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is a demoniac enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by all druggists.

**Drunkards in State Prison.**  
Of 7,100 men who entered one of the State prisons in a given time 6,000 admitted that they were drunkards.

**SOUND** advice to those who have kidney and bladder troubles, is to take a safe, sure medicine like Foley's Kidney Cure. It always benefits the KIDNEYS. It always benefits the KIDNEYS.

H. F. Vortkamp, corner Main and North streets.

He who commits injustice is ever made more wretched than he who suffers it.—Plato.

**A Fast Bicycle Rider.**  
Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend.

**A Gigantic Sheep Ranch.**  
The largest sheep ranch in the world is in the counties of Wash and Dinwiddie in Texas; it contains more than 400,000 acres, and pastures 800,000 sheep annually.

**A Woman's Awful Peril.**  
"There is only one chance to save your life that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. L. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters, which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Cures Sores. Guaranteed. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, druggist, corner Main and North sts.

**Notice of Petition.**  
Notice is hereby given that a petition has been presented to the City Council of Lima, Ohio, for the vacation of a public alley known as Spring Alley, running parallel with, and about fifteen feet, more or less, north of 13th street, as recently extended and running from McDonald street to Town Alley. Said petition will be for hearing and final action of Council after six weeks publication of this notice.

17th and 1st and 2nd  
C. E. LAMON,  
City Clerk.

**Notice of Appointment.**  
On the 30th day of April, 1900, the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, appointed as undersigned administrator of such part of the estate of Marcus E. W. Year, late of said county, deceased, being at his residence in the city of Lima, Ohio, as follows: J. J. WALKER, J. J. WALKER, Administrator.

**ASTHMA QUICK.**  
ASTHMA TABLETS.  
A POSITIVE CURE.  
Easy to Buy and Quick to Act.  
Tablets for each Meal and Bedtime.  
Ask your druggist, or by mail \$1.00.  
Send name and address to:  
ROSE KFE CO., Cleveland, O.

**The Easy Food.**  
Easy to Buy,  
Easy to Cook,  
Easy to Eat,  
Easy to Digest.  
Quaker Oats  
in 2-lb. pkgs. only.

**CASH** for acceptable Ideas.  
State if patented.  
THE PATENT RECORD,  
Baltimore, Md.  
Subscription price of the Patent Record \$1.00 per annum. Samples free.

## Sluggish Blood

The blood should not creep lazily through the veins, but it should run swiftly, carrying life and health to every organ.

Indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia and nervousness, invariably accompany poor circulation. Purify and invigorate the blood with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and these diseases will disappear. The Bitters also purify and invigorate the liver and kidneys, and cure all ailments of the stomach. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

**HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS**  
It Invigorates Strengthens and Cures.

The spiritualistic medium sometimes goes out of business for material reasons.

**CASITORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Boars the Signatures.

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NIJ ARCHIVE

## SWEEPING

## Changes Will Be Made

To Take Care of Increased Traffic on L. E. &amp; W.

Two Departments at the Shops Worked Yesterday—Sandusky-Fremont Switch Run Put On.

In advance of and with the new time card that goes into effect next Sunday on the L. E. & W., sweeping changes will be made on the L. E. & W. in order to bring the road up to the standard necessitated by the great increase in traffic resulting from the absorption by the Lake Shore interests. Two more passenger runs will be put on with the new time card and two fast merchandise through freight runs will be added, as trains 117 and 118. Larger engines, those with 17-inch cylinders, will be put on the through passenger runs and will be "double-crewed." The engines will run through between Sandusky and Tipton and engineers and firemen will be changed here, L. E. & W. engine, number 38 and Northern Ohio engine No. 31 and 23, the latter having been brought here from the Ft. W. C. & L. division, will be used on the through runs.

The employees in the carpenter and painting departments worked all day yesterday and an effort is being made to have the two buffet cars ready for service on trains 1 and 2 when the new time card goes into effect.

Commencing today, a new switch run was put on between Sandusky and Fremont, engine 49, in charge of engineer Ed. Casey, being sent to Sandusky last night. This crew, including an engineer, fireman, conductor and two brakemen, will leave Sandusky each morning, to do switching at Castalia and put in six or seven hours each day in the L. E. & W. and Lake Shore yards at Fremont, returning to Sandusky each evening. This will relieve the east local freight crews of from five to six hours work daily.

There is a rumor among the L. E. & W. men that under the new management, the engines used in freight service will be "chain-ganged" or pooled, a system that has been adopted on many of the roads.

The boiler of the old P. A. & W. engine 3, is to be converted into an air reservoir and air force will be utilized for performing much of the work on repairs that is now done by hand. Box cars will be painted by machine work, and boring, drilling and hoisting will be done by the aid of air and hydraulic pressure.

The Women's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will meet Tuesday, May 8th, at 4 o'clock. Miss Margaret Rumble will talk on "Glimpses into European Art Galleries," and the election of officers is to take place. Each member is especially urged to be present.

## HOMES

## Were Saddened by Death

Mrs. Maggie Irwin Died Early This Morning.

The Grim Reaper also Enters the Little Home in the Commercial Block—Funeral Notices.

At 2:30 o'clock this morning occurred the unexpected death of Mrs. Maggie Irwin, wife of Mont Irwin, of 444 north West street. The deceased had been in declining health for the past year and a half, suffering from a tumor near the heart, which produced hemorrhages of the lungs. Recently the hemorrhages became more frequent, but she was able to be about most of the time. The hemorrhage which attacked her last night proved fatal within a short space of time. The deceased was 29 years of age. She was born in Ireland, and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Hollehan, now of Findlay. Four years ago she became the wife of Mont. Irwin, and to them were born three children, all of whom died in their infancy.

The funeral services will be held at St. Rose church, Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock.

## MRS. BERTHA LITTLER.

Mrs. Bertha Littler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Rockhill, died at her home in the Commercial block at 10 o'clock last night, death resulting directly from the effects of a surgical operation and one week's illness.

The deceased was aged twenty years and fifteen days.

Short services will be conducted at the residence at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow and the remains will be taken to Rockport for interment. The service proper will be held at the Rockport church at 1:30 o'clock tomorrow, Rev. Anderson, of this city officiating.

Attention Petroleum Tent No. 422. The great debate will take place tonight. Positively no postponement. Every member cordially invited to be present.

## Sunday School Association.

The Allen County Sunday School Association will meet in annual session at Beaver Dam, Ohio, Sunday, May 13th, 1900. Three sessions—10:00 a. m., 2:00 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Speakers—Rev. Joseph Clark, Columbus, Ohio, and Mrs. A. G. Crouse, Westerville, Ohio.

A cordial invitation is extended to all, especially to teachers and Sunday school workers.

d. w. C. A. GRAHAM, Pres.

Allen Hive No. 197 S. O. T. M.

All of its members, especially the benefit members, are requested to be at the regular review Tuesday, May 8th, at 2:30 sharp, as there is business of importance from Emma S. Olds.

## CULLED

## From Today's Roundup

And Concentrated for the Evening's Review.

Brief Notes of Limaites Abroad, Visitors Who Are Here, and of the Day's Happenings.

John Madigan, of Sidney, was the guest of friends here yesterday.

Mrs. Kate Henn, of Sandusky, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Grimley, of Harrison avenue.

Miss Bessie Welsh and niece Marie Spellman, of north Elizabeth street, are visiting friends in St. Marys.

Mrs. D. L. Arter, of 213 north Elizabeth street, has returned from a five weeks' visit with friends in Chicago.

Mrs. Thomas Doyle and brother, J. C. Owens, of north Elizabeth street, spent Sunday with their brother H. P. Owens in Ada.

Miss Anna Wagner, of Fostoria, was called here today to care for her sister Mrs. William Finn, who is in very poor health.

J. W. Reilly, assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company, spent Sunday with friends in Indianapolis.

The funeral services over the remains of the late E. W. Fritz, will be held at St. Rose Church tomorrow morning at 8:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Wagner, and daughter Mrs. Charles Savage, of Fostoria, spent Sunday with their daughter and sister Mrs. Wm. Finn, of north Elizabeth street.

## LUNG HONG

Will Soon Have the Question of His Citizenship Decided.

The case of Lung Hong, the Chinaman who was held by the referee to have no rights as a citizen in this country, is now engaging the attention of the courts in Toledo. The Times of yesterday contains the following mention of the case:

Judge Ricks, of the United States district court, yesterday morning heard the case of the Chinaman Lung Hong, who was ordered deported by time was spent hearing the testimony of the numerous witnesses brought into court by Lung Hong. No decision was offered; the court holding the matter under advisement.

## Suits and Jackets Reduced

At G. E. Bluem's. If you think you will need a suit soon, now is the time to buy it. Special good bargains will be offered this week.

G. E. BLUEM, 57 Public Square.

Largest stock of Carpets in Lima at Carroll &amp; Cooney's.

## FANS

## Crowded the Ball Park,

To Witness Practice Games That Were Played.

Local Clubs are to Receive Assistance From the Lima Railway Co.—Yesterday's Results.

The base ball craze is again at fever heat and some interesting contests will doubtless be witnessed on local grounds before the season is fairly opened. The city now has two good amateur clubs and their opening game will probably be played next Sunday. The members of the Alliance Club, managed by that old and popular veteran of the game, "Ice Wagon" Sullivan, made their first appearance on the diamond yesterday and while they are not yet in form it is evident that they know the game and can put up a spirited contest. "Whoo" Messer, the Alliance Club's catcher and Gilbooley, the invincible first baseman, will hold their own with any of the local knights of the diamond. The Alliance club has lost Schlosser, their crack pitcher, but a new twirler named Snyder promises to occupy the box equally as well.

The Crescent, Sturge Seal's team, is getting into fine form and the veterans of the Alliance team will find the "Kies" about the toughest proposition they will have to solve in this vicinity. If the Crescents do not give the Alliance team a trimming next Sunday there will be a surprised lot of fans at the park.

The Crescents played another practice game at Fauror's yesterday afternoon and defeated the Webster Giants in a score of 10 to 2. Some very fast plays were witnessed and the work of catcher Frank Seal's was, as usual, one of the centers of attraction.

Those who were at Fauror's park Sunday morning witnessed a very interesting game between the Spiders and the East End Stars, in which the East End Stars were defeated in a ten inning game by a score of 13 to 10. The line-up of the teams were as follows:

SPIDERS. EAST END STARS.  
Londie, C. Welch.  
Carney and Dyle, C. Hurst and Flager.  
Van Allen, S. A. Polk.  
Wick, 1st B. Burzard.  
Wyle and Caines, 2nd B. Flager and Hurst.  
Coy, 3rd B. A. Fountain.  
Fisher, 4th B. E. E. E.  
Mummaugh, C. F. C. Williams.  
Burke, R. F. P. Williams.

The score by innings was as follows:  
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.  
Spiders, 1. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 3. 10.  
Stars, 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

## ASSISTANCE IS ASSURED.

Manager Sullivan, of the Alliance team and manager Seal's, of the Crescent team had a conference with the Lima Railway Co.'s manager yesterday and received the assurance that the teams would receive liberal support from the railway company. There is a question as to whether or not the old park and even the Lima Railway Co.'s right of way through the Fauror farm may have to be abandoned, the property having been sold Saturday and in the event that the new owner of the property desires to abandon the old grounds the railway company will secure grounds elsewhere within reach of its lines.

Harry Jameson, a well known former Limaites, who has been employed in the Erie's general offices in Cleveland is manager of the Standards, Cleveland's strongest amateur team. The team opened the season at Sandusky yesterday.

Shawnee Commandery No. 14, K. T. Regular meet of Shawnee Commandery No. 14, Tuesday night; there will be work. All the officers and Sir Knights are kindly asked to be present to assist in the work.

G. E. BLUEM, Em. Com.

E. H. JOHNS, Recorder.

Ladies' Suit Sale  
At G. E. Bluem's this week. 5 2

## Notice.

Post Commander Hall has invited the members of the Woman's Relief Corps through their president to meet G. A. R. Post at the C. H. & D. depot at 8:15 a. m., Wednesday, May 9th, to attend the Grand Army encampment at Findlay. Fare round trip, 65c.

## Important Suit Sale.

Ladies' Suits can be bought at bargain prices this week at Bluem's. 5 2

## FLAMES

## Fanned by the Breezes

Do Considerable Damage to a Stable and Shop.

A Horse Burned to Death and Considerable Property Threatened by Today's Fire.

Shortly before 10 o'clock this morning both fire departments were called out from the central station by an alarm that was sent in by telephone from the Holmes block. The fire was noticed by J. E. DeVoe and D. J. Dennis, who were sitting in the main office of the Home Co-operative Union and the latter sent in the alarm calling the departments to the intersection of the alleys at the rear of the electric light station and the Melly block.

The fire was located in a stable at the rear of the Melly block. When discovered the flames had already communicated to that portion of the barn in which straw and hay were stored and before the department had reached the scene they were leaping high and were being fanned into increasing fury by the heavy wind that was blowing from the southeast.

The barn was occupied by a valuable mare belonging to Mrs. Woerline, of the Woerline hotel, and the flames gained headway with such rapidity that the beast could not be rescued. A two-seated carriage belonging to Mrs. Woerline was also destroyed. At the east end of and adjoining the stable, a smaller frame building, into which F. E. Hermann had just moved his tinshop, was also considerably damaged and Mr. Harman suffered a considerable loss on tinners' tools and stocks. He had not had his insurance on the tinners' outfit transferred and consequently his loss will not be replaced by insurance.

The heavy wind carried fire into the roof of Banta's candy factory and into a barn on the Maguire property across Cherry alley from the Melly property, but no serious damage was done to either of these buildings.

Miss Eva Overholtz, a young lady employed in the candy factory was so badly frightened by the fire that she was removed to her home in a cab.

## THREE CENTS

More the Oil Market Declined Again Today.

This Time the Decrease Effects the Production of Both Eastern and Western Field's Alike.

The oil producers received another solar plexus blow from the Standard today, the oil quotations declining three cents on the barrel for the production of both eastern and western fields. The quotations are now as follows:

## OIL MARKETS.

Texas.....\$1.50  
Pennsylvania.....1.44  
Bargesville.....1.41  
Souring.....1.37  
New Castle.....1.35  
North Lima.....1.32  
South Lima.....1.27  
Indiana.....1.07

After many months of uncertain delay, says the Delphos Herald, it at last appears that the leasing of land in this section for oil purposes was not altogether for the purpose of speculation—taking up and selling the leases—but another test will soon be drilled. Kraer & Son, of Spencerville, who have control of the David Robinson farm and others near the Auglaize river, three miles east of Delphos along the Gomer road, have the timber on the ground for a derrick on the Robinson farm.

Work has not yet been commenced on the rig, but will no doubt in a short time. A well in that territory will be purely a wildcat, but it is hoped that a good producer will be developed.

Lima Lodge No. 205, F. & A. M. Stated communication this evening. Work in Master Mason degree.

L. F. LADICK, W. M.

WALLACE LANDIS, Sec'y.

## We Call Your

Special attention to the Suit and Jacket Sale this week at G. E. Bluem's. Ladies' Suits will be sold at bargain prices. 5 2

## Cow.

For a No. 1 family cow, just fresh, call at 531 north Elizabeth street.

G. E. Bluem,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

## Shirt Waist Wonders.

With the promise of warm, bright, sunshiny days, there'll be an ever increasing demand for shirt waists. The economy of the garment, the style and comfort of it, the all round common sense of it all have tended to increase its popularity.

Waists in various colors..... 50c  
Newest pastel colorings, pretty effects..... 75 and 88c  
French back, finely tucked front, collar and cuffs, of diagonal stripes, two rows of embroidery, finished front..... \$1.50  
White Waist, laundered collar and cuffs..... 88c  
White waist, neatly tucked back and front..... \$1.00  
White Waist, front of narrow tucks and embroidery, soft cuffs, French back..... \$1.38  
Many elaborate Waists in white and colors, from..... 50c to \$4.00  
Third Floor. Take Elevator.

G. E. Bluem,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

## Suits and Jackets Reduced.

We are confident that we are showing the best assortment of stylish up-to-date Ladies' Suits.

Our Ladies' \$10.00 and \$12.50 Suits will surprise you.  
Home Spin Suits in grey, brown, blue, black, fly front, jackets—silk lined, percaline lined skirts..... \$10.00  
Cheviot and Venetian Suits, box, Eton and fly front, jackets full silk lined, inverted and box plait skirts, percaline lined..... \$12.50  
Jackets of Zebeline in colors black, blue and tan, well worth \$7.50, while they last..... \$4.98  
Third Floor. Take Elevator.

G. E. Bluem,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

## Silk Waists.

For \$5.00, worth \$6.00 to \$7.50.

Two hundred Taffeta Waists, made with French back, gives long waist effect. Corded, pleated and hemstitched, stock collars, flare cuffs; very good Taffeta, very good colors.

Third Floor. Take Elevator.

G. E. BLUEM, 57 Public Square.

## Colored Dress Crepe.

Pastel Shades.

A New Cotton Dress Fabric, very choice for 38c per yard, worth 50c.

FIRST FLOOR.

## SPECIAL SILK SALE.

To-morrow morning we place on sale an assortment of the choicest styles of fancy stripe Silks we have seen this season. They are in shirt waist lengths of 3 1/4 yards. No two alike, and are worth \$1.00 and \$1.25 per yard. All new goods. Your choice of these Shirt Waist Lengths for

\$2.98 Each.

If you want a nice Silk Shirt Waist at a reasonable price this is your opportunity.

THE SPECIAL SALE OF MUSLIN UNDERWEAR WILL CONTINUE ALL THIS WEEK.

The June number of the Standard Designer, the most popular Fashion Magazine published, is here. Price 10c per single copy or \$1.00 per year.

FELTZ BROS. &amp; CO.,

FIRST DOOR SOUTH OF COURT HOUSE.